The Bombay Gazette

BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1884.

RIES.

RES.

FRIDAY.
...3rd Oct.
Bengal.....10th ,,
rivenor.....11th ,,
Calcutta.....24th ,,
. Atkinson...31st ,,
Murray.....7th Nov.
Colombo.....14th ,,
ircleugh.....21st ,,
& Thomson. 28th ,,

et to London via
Boulogne. By the
ressels at Suez.

pany's Dockyard,
sailing to convey

AITS, CHINA,
ALIA.
On 1881.
3rd Oct.
15th ,,
31st ,,
14th Nov.
ially reduced rates
pply to
ALVER,
& O.S. Company.

ORIENTAL COMPANY.

ISI ROUTE.

TICKETS from BOMBAY to
Brindisi, including the Continental
now issued on favorable terms; and
ble for three and six months. Tickets
which allow passengers to travel
aimer and 2nd class by rail from

SEILLES ROUTE.

eave BOMBAY for MAR-
LONDON direct every four weeks
Steamboats, and the voyage to the for-
performed in 19 days in fair weather (21
Monsoon). The Railway journey from
Paris occupies about 27 hours.
by the sea route or *viâ* Marseilles.
Fare across the Continent:—
Second Class Rs. 370.
are also issued, for particulars of which
application on the subject, apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.

NERA E ITALIANA,
ORI RUBATTINO.

ular Mail Steamers
AY on the 1st of each
alling at ADEN,
AID, MESSINA,
S, starting from
BAY
uilles, Rs. 300.
class respec-
allowed free.
half fare.

delivered in
at allowed

allowed to
eive months

rs will leave

dnesday, 1st Oct.
urday, 1st Nov.
onday, 1st Dec.
Steamers to and
passengers and heavy

s for 17 days, to
h from Genoa and

t other particulars,

ONI, Agent.
Bombay, Sept. 1, 1883.

NAVIGATION.
STEAMERS
ITED.

st-class steamer
Rs. 100 Rs. 50
LEAVE BOMBAY
every 20
Newcastle.

ng wines.
half fare.
London are

Co., Limited

POONA.

MATIAN
POWDER.

INSECTS.

IC AND HIGHER

Sovereign and effec-
Fleas in Dogs, Flies,
ects.
ER IS DECIDEDLY
EVER KNOWN.
Re. 1.

Co., Limited,
ONA.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 2,977 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 8th October, 1884, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on MONDAY, 6th October, 1884, at 11 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Gunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Mohamerah and Basrah, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 Tons, on 9th October, 1884.

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "EUPHRATES," 803 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 8th October, 1884, at noon, calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangrole, Porbunder, and Cutch Mandvie.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 2nd October, 1884. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S MILK PUNCH.

FOR COCK-TAILS AND PICK-ME-UPS.

Per doz. Rs. 24 Cash.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

FINE BORDEAUX CLARET,

Bottled, Capsuled, and Labelled under PRACTICAL EUROPEAN SUPERVISION at Treacher & Company's Wine Cellars, Byculla. Unquestionably the best value in India.

In cases of 1 dozen—Cash Rs. 10.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PETIT MEDOC CLARET.

TREACHER & Company's importation of this Wine remains *unequalled* at the price. The Public are respectfully requested to compare the quality with similar Brands, (so styled) recently shipped to this market.

Per doz. Quarts, Cash, Rs. 13.

Per doz. Pints, Cash, Rs. 7-8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NOW READY,
BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy ..... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1879 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1879 and 1878 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance.... Rs. 10
Single Copy ..... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

TAPEWORM.

KEMP AND CO.'S
FLUID EXTRACT OF
POMEGRANATE ROOT BARK
(PREPARED IN VACUO).

A SURE, safe, and effectual remedy for the above distressing and harrassing complaint. One bottle when taken according to the directions has never been know to fail in effecting a complete cure in the most troublesome cases.

Per Bottle Rs. 2-8.

Prepared only by
KEMP AND CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

FINEST TRICHINOPOLY TOBACCO.

		Rs.	A.
CHEROOTS	"Selected Mess" per Box of 100	2	0
CIGARS	"Planters No. 1" ,, ,,	2	4
	"Planters No. 2" ,, ,,	2	0
	"Beehive" ,, ,,	2	0
	"Kemp's Special" ,, ,,	2	8
MANILLAS.			
Cigars of selected brand ,, ,,		7	0
Cheroots of selected brand ,, ,,		7	0

The above are all very Superior, and have been made for us as mild and good in flavor, drawing and convenient in size and shape.

KEMP AND CO., Limited.
FORT, AND CUMBALLA HILL,
BOMBAY.

BAR, AND CUMBALLA HILLS,
CANDY, AND NEIGHBOURHOOD.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO RESIDENTS.

MESSRS. KEMP AND CO.'S
NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
CUMBALLA HILL,
is now open with every requisite for the
COMFORTABLE HOLD AND NURSERY,
Numerous additions of Medical Comforts,
under the Superintendence of a
THOROUGHLY QUALIFIED
EUROPEAN PHARMACIST.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY.

JUST UNPACKED,
BENGER'S
FOOD.
DIGESTIVE
Highly Nutritive Aliment for
Babes and Invalids.
Price Re. 1-2 per tin.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
FORT AND POONA.

REDUCTION IN PRICE.
OF CHICKEN,
a new process from the
the Domestic Fowls, highly
and an essential article for
weakness and exhaustion.
Extract of Chicken only.
Re. 1-8.

KEMP & Co., Limited
POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY
THE OCTOBER NUMBER OF
PICKINGS
FROM THE "PARSEE PUNCH,"
FULL OF FUN AND FROLIC, WIT AND HUMOUR,
Containing a double page cartoon:
"THE PLANTER'S SEANCE; OR, JUSTICE MESMERISED."

CONTENTS FOR OCTOBER.

Trying to allure the Bird in Vain; The Effects of the Chinese War: A Scene from Every-day Life; Modern School Advertisement, No. 7.; The Poor Celestial Being; Our Young Parsee Masher of the Period; Poor Old Woman; The Real Type of a Bursting; Blustering Braggart; Accommodating Friends; Cruel Treatment; Horror of Mill Agents at the Proposed Early-closing of Mills; Barring the Entrance; A Chinese Game—Sink or Swim; How to Curb the Reboo School-boys; The Leisure Hour of a Parsee Priest; Potatoe Fashion for the Parsee Fakeer; A Hearty Wish; In the Whirlwind of Thought; Light and Leading; How Our Sohrab Enjoyed his Patel; The Messenger of Peace and Prosperity; An Odd cult Problem; Something like a Wail; At Sea; Afloat; The Planter's Seance; or, Justice Mesmerized; A Black Act or a Doubtful Experiment of Reviving the Dead; Howling Boys of Hindostan—as Our Artist found Them; How to Try Deaf Prisoners; How our Mr. Chiki-pie-jee Passed his Amerdatshal Holiday; Coming Events cast Their Shadows Before; Putting it Very Gently; The Anglo-Indian Snake-Charmer; Blowing out of Water; Seeking Shelter from Ruffianly Attacks; A Study in Perspective; The Way They Enjoy Holidays in the Mofussil; The Poona Races; A Gandhi [illegible] on Civic Honours.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—Yearly Rs. 6. Single Copy, Annas Eight. Postage, free all over India. To be had at the *PARSEE PUNCH* OFFICE, 12, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

For Gentlemen who may have written for copies of *Pickings from the Parsee Punch* to Messrs. Atmaram Sagoon and Co. are requested to write again to the Managers, at the *Parsee Punch* Office, direct.

DAVER & Co.,
Parsee Punch Office, 12, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED, an EXPERIENCED BOOK-KEEPER, must be active and thorough in his work, and be able to take charge of office work generally. Apply by letter, with copies of certificates or references, to Messrs. WILLIAM WATSON & CO., 28, Apollo-street, Bombay.

SOUTHERN MAHARATTA RAILWAYS.
NOTICE.

ON MONDAY, 6th October, CHANGES will be made in the train service between HOTGI and GADAG as under, viz:—

1. The Up mixed train will leave Hotgi for Gadag at 5-15 a.m. instead of at 6-40 a.m.; and will arrive at Gadag at 7-5 p.m. instead of 7-3 p.m.
2. The Down mixed train will leave Gadag at 6-15 a.m. instead of 7-5 a.m.; and will arrive at Hotgi at the same time as at present, viz., 7-20 p.m.

For further particulars, see time and fare tables exhibited at stations.

JAS. CRAIG,
Traffic Manager.

Gadag, 1st October, 1884.

THE undersigned is prepared to receive TENDERS for the WORK of FILLING in LOW-LYING GROUND, and CONSTRUCTING OPEN SURFACE DRAINS in the Compound of the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, Bombay.

Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of Tender obtained on application at the Office of the undersigned.

Tenders, duly signed, sealed, and endorsed, to be delivered at the Office of the undersigned on or before the 11th instant.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

MUNCHERJEE C. MURZBAN, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.

Bombay, 2nd October, 1884.

NOTICE.

THE Managing Committee of the GOCULDAS TEJPAL CHARITIES is prepared to RECEIVE APPLICATIONS from Hindoo Students of high caste studying law or medicine, but who from their poverty are unable to do so, and want help from the charity funds. Help can be given from those Funds to B.A.s who want to become Solicitors of the High Court or L.M and S.s Who want to become M.D. or LL.B.s who want to become Advocates of the High Court. A Bhattia candidate otherwise fit shall have preference over others.

For particulars consult the undersigned who will receive applications till the 25th inst.

NARMADASHANKAR L.,
Secretary, Gocildas Tejpal Charities.
11, Mango Senoy-street, Fort, Bombay, 2nd October, 1884.

THE KHANDESH SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS COMPANY, Limited.
ધી ખાનદેશ સપીનીગ એડ વીવીંગ મીલ્સ કુંપની, લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ADDITIONAL INTERIM DIVIDEND on the half year ending 30th June, 1884, of Rs. 30 per whole share and Rs. 7½ per quarter share is declared payable to the registered Shareholders of this Company on and after MONDAY, the 6th day of October, 1884, between the hours of 12 a.m. and 3 p.m. at the reg stered office, No. 3, Tamarind-lane, Fort, on production of Share Certificates.

By order of the Board of Directors,
શા સુલદાસ તેજપાલની કુંપ
to, MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 2nd October, 1884.

N.B.—The Transfer Books of the above Company will be closed from 3rd to 11th October, 1884, both days inclusive.

NOTICE is hereby given that SEWJEE PREMJEE, of Bombay, Hindoo merchant, has CONTRACTED TO SELL the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim to or upon the same by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned at their office, No. 23, Rampart-row, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the same if any shall be considered as waived, and the sale will be completed without any regard thereto.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government Foras land or ground, with the message, range of chawls buffaloe shed, &c., standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Hainaroad, in the registration subdistrict of Mandvee, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 118, new No. 1393, new survey No. 1394, and by the Collector of Assessment under Nos. 106, 106 A, 106 B, and 107, containing by admeasurement 6016 square yards, or thereabouts, and bounded on the east partly by the said Haina-road and partly by the property of Shapurji Merwanji, and on the west, north and south by the property belonging to Ripon Mill Company, Limited.—Dated this 2nd October, 1884.

THAKURDAS AND DHARAMSI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to ACT XXVIII. of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India, entitled "The Trustees and Mortgagee's Powers Act, 1866," Notice is hereby given that all persons being creditors of, or otherwise having any claims upon, or against, the estate of the Rev. ROBERT EWING, late of Wiesbaden in Germany, who died at Wiesbaden on the 6th day of January, 1883, and Letters of Administration (with a copy of his Will annexed) of whose property and credits having effect throughout the Presidency of Bombay were granted on the 27th day of September, 1884, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to Mr. JAMES THORBURN, a partner in the firm of Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Company, of Bombay, merchants, and one of the constituted attorneys of the Rev. PROBY LITTLEJOHN CAUTLEY, the proving executor named in the said will of the said deceased limited as therein mentioned, are required to send to the said Mr. James Thorburn as such administrator at the office of his said firm at Rampart Row within the Fortlof Bombay in writing their names and addresses and the particulars of their claims upon or against the estate of the said deceased so as to reach the said office on or before the 8th day of November, 1884; as after that date the said Mr. James Thorburn as such administrator will pay or remit the assets of the said deceased then in his hands to the said the Rev. Proby Littler Cautley as the person thereto entitled, or will otherwise proceed to administer the said assets having regard only to the claims of which the said administrator shall then have notice as aforesaid, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognised. All persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased, or having property of his in their hands, are hereby required to pay their debts, or hand over such property, to the said administrator.—Dated this 1st day of October, 1884.

HORE, CONROY, & BROWN,
Administrator's Solicitors.

JUST RECEIVED.
TIDMAN'S SEA SALT
TIDMAN'S SEA SALT
TIDMAN'S SEA SALT
Per box of 7 lbs. As. 14.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.
MADON'S
MAGIC CORN-CURE.

IT never fails to cure Soft or Hard Corns Bunions, Warts, &c., without causing the least pain.

Per case As. 10.

Prepared only by
COOPER, MADON AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

JUST UNPACKED,
A Fresh Supply of
WELL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS.

Well's "Rough" on Rats.
" "Rough" on Corns.
" "Rough" on Toothache.
" "Rough" on Coughs (Throat and Lung Balsam).
" Health Renewer.
" May Apple Pills.
" Swan's Worm Syrup.
" Brain and Sexual Pills.
" Pulv Quietor.
" Chapin's Buchu-Paiba.
" " Injection Fleur.
" " G. G.
" Constitution Bitter Syrup.
" " Leaurelle Oil (or Essence of Nature).

☞ Price List on Application.

COOPER, MADON AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY & POONA.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

ARE PERIODICALLY IN RECEIPT OF LARGE SUPPLIES OF

GENERAL GYMKHANA KIT,

from the leading English Houses, who manufacture the Goods, in accordance with TREACHER AND Co.'s long and practical experience, specially to meet the requirements of the Indian climate, an

ADVANTAGE PRESENTED BY NO OTHER HOUSE IN INDIA.

BADMINTON.		FISHING.	LAWN-TENNIS.
BOXING.		FIVES.	POLO.
CRICKET.		FOOT-BALL.	QUOITS.
DUMB BELLS.		HORIZONTAL BARS.	RACKETS.
FENCING.		GOLF.	AMMUNITION, &c.
BACKGAMMON.	CHESS.	DOMINOES.	PLAYING CARDS.
BEZIQUE.	COMPENDIUMS.	DRAUGHTS.	PUZZLES.
BILLIARDS.	CRIBBAGE.	GO-BANG.	RACE, &c.

DETAILED PRICE LISTS FREE ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.'S
CELEBRATED INVALID'S PORTWINE,

Recommended by many Medical Men,
Price Rs. 26 nett per dozen quarts.
This Wine has now many imitations.
See that our Brand is on the Cork and Labels.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,
BOMBAY.

P. VUCCINO AND CO.,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT
TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, CALCUTTA,
SILVER PRIZE MEDAL AND FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE.
Studio open daily from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Portraiture.
Office open from 8 to 6, for any person desiring to make an engagemen

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
23, RAMPART ROW,
BOMBAY,

BEG to call the attention of the Public to the following SPECIALITIES in their large stock of which they can strongly recommend, and which have gained for their qualities as Timekeepers a widespread reputation.

THEIR SILVER 50 RS. LEVER WATCH

The great and increasing demand for these Watches have induced Messrs. F. L. & Co. to make them in all sizes, and either in hunting, half-hunting and open face cases.
The "smallest" the usual size of a Lady's Watch, would be an admirable substitute for a Lady's Gold Watch when travelling or for daily use.

THEIR SILVER 75 RS. WATCH

Has all the qualifications of the 50 Rupees Watch, but is in an extra heavy cas with gold hinges. Its movement is fitted with a compensation balance and with a hair-spring system Breguet.

THEIR SILVER KEYLESS WATCHES
Rs. 90, 110 and 135.

THE RAILWAY WATCH AT RS. 40.

Messrs. F. L. & Co. can recommend this well-finished Watch to anyone who requires a strong and serviceable time-keeper, and one which will bear the roughest work.

THE RAILWAY WATCH AT RS. 60.

Messrs. F. L. & Co. would draw the attention of Railway Companies and employes to these Watches which are of extra large size and can be guaranteed and recommended as reliable time-keepers.

Parcels sent post free throughout the whole of India.
Two years' guarantee is given for all the above Watches.
Initials engraved gratis to buyers. Terms—Cash.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,
WATCH-MAKERS & JEWELLERS.

HIGHEST AWARD,
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

THE words "HIGHEST AWARD" are often used in advertisements to lead the public to suppose that a particular maker has obtained the HIGHEST AWARD above all other exhibitors, this is misleading.

THE HIGHEST AWARD, *i.e.*, a first class CERTIFICATE AND GOLD MEDAL is given to the best of each special class, and our—

SCHIEDMAYER
SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANOS
OBTAINED
A FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE AND GOLD MEDAL,
THE HIGHEST AWARD
for that class. And the
SCHIEDMAYER GRAND PIANO
OBTAINED
A FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE AND SILVER MEDAL.
These are the
ONLY SCHIEDMAYER PIANOS,
and the only instruments under the name of
SCHIEDMAYER,
which obtained an award of any kind at the
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.
The genuine instruments have the name
SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTE FABRIK STUTTGART.
SOUNDY & CO., AGENTS, BOMBAY,
and must not be confounded with the name SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE whose Pianos we do not import.
See our Illustrated Catalogues, free by post.

SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

CHAMPAGNE.

CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

HIGHEST AWARD GOLD MEDAL AND CERTIFICATE.

MESSRS. PERINET & FILS OF REIMS

BEG to announce, that anxious to extend the Trade in India of their Champagnes which are so well and favourably known in England, they have appointed Messrs. CUTLER, PALMER & Co Agents for the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY and have instructed them to quote Rs. 36 per dozen Quarts. Pints Rs. 3 extra. Less an allowance for cash.

STONE'S LGA LIGHT GRAVITY ALE,

Specially brewed to meet the present demand for light Ale.

BASS & CO.'S INDIA PALE ALE (AS HITHERTO SHIPPED.)

BOTTLED BY OURSELVES,
May be obtained of all the principal dealers in India.

STONE & SON,
9, ST. MILDRED'S COURT, LONDON, E.C.

CHRONOGRAPHS AND RACING WATCHES

MANUFACTURED BY

POONA. 1, East-street. } C. MARCKS & CO. { BOMBAY. 43, Esplanade-road.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and CO. have pleasure in acquiring the numerous constituents that the Chronographs and Racing Watches enumerated here below are in every respect RELIABLE, DURABLE, and THE MOST PERFECT TIMEKEEPERS EVER MADE.

Best value obtainable anywhere, Rs. 125 net cash.

In case, with spare glass, spare main spring, and a 2-years' guarantee.

Keyless Hunting Chronograph Watches in sterling silver case. The long seconds hand is an independent one with three actions, viz., starting, stopping, and flying back to zero, all of which are effected by a pressure on the button projecting near the figure 12 of the dial. The escapement is a lever one fitted with COMPENSATION balance, so as to keep accurate time in any climate. Price, net cash..... 125 0
The same works in crystal case. Net cash 110 0
A large collection of high-class Chronograph Gold Watches always in stock, varying in Price from Rs. 510 to 750 0
Watches with Chronograph hand at the back, of a cheaper quality, each at Rs. 75, 85, and... ... ... 95 0
We are ready to exchange any of the above if, on receipt, not approved of. Repairs executed by the most experienced Workmen at very low prices.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY.

WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &C.,
43, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.
THE OLD NINE ELMS
PORTLAND CEMENT.

GUARANTEED Tensile strength about 540 lb. square inch.
"Crushing strength about 1,816 per square inch, in casks of 400 lb. gross."

WARDEN & CO.

Meadow-street, Fort.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1 each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

MAHABLESHWUR READY LAID DAK—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

CHUBB AND SONS' SAFES, Writing, Cash, Paper, and Key Boxes, Locks and Padlocks. Sole Agents in Bombay, Eduljee Postonjee, 47, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

THE HOLBORN GARDEN PUMP is made of polished brass and throws a continuous stream of water to a distance of 40 feet. No India-rubber being used in its construction, it is admirably suited for hot climates. Rs. 6 each.—BARTON & CO., Limited, Church-gate-street.

CORN MILLS!!!—Will grind any description of Grain into the finest flour, producing from 10 to 20 lbs. an hour, with apparatus for [illegible] GEYER & Co., Bombay.

ICES! ICES! ICES! Pastry, Ham Sandwiches, Refreshments, at BYCULLA CO-OPERATIVE STORES.

WANTED, good young PONY, about 13 hands, also second hand dog-cart, complete. State lowest price and where to be seen, to X. Y., *Gazette* Office.

OPEN for an engagement, an experienced Engineer in Mill work and Ginning Factories, holding excellent Testimonials for ability and sobriety. Apply C. D., this paper.

TEMPLE BAR.—TOM SAYERS, Bombay BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, DINNERS.

POONA RACES, 1884.—Settling day for Losers, SATURDAY, 4th instant. Poona, 1st Oct., 1884.

SINGLE-SEATED BROUGHAM, second-hand, in good repair, will be auctioned at BENNETT'S on SATURDAY, 4th.

WANTED to purchase a Horse, Shigram, and Harness, must be in perfect order. Apply W. G., this office.

WANTED for the Officers' Mess, 19th Regiment N.I., a MESS BUTLER. Apply to MESS PRESIDENT, 19th N.I., Deesa.

WANTED, a good CART and MULE FITTER for two or three months. Address, "Fitter," *Bombay Gazette*.

WASH your DOGS with OLIVE SOAP and make them sweet and clean. At all Chemists and Grocers. 4 annas per cake.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Bombay, were the only firm who obtained a Prize Medal for Billiard Balls at the Calcutta Exhibition.

NEW TWEEDS, NEW ANGOLAS, cheap suits. Samples post free.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 16, Meadow-street, Bombay.

KIDD AND SHADBOLT'S WHISKY is rapidly becoming the most popular brand in Bombay, Rs. 25 per doz. Importers, PHIPSON & Co.

JUST ARRIVED ARISTONS (by s.s. Hydaspes) with 12 music papers, Rs. 45.—L. STEFFANAUER, Watchmaker, 8, Church-gate-street, Fort.

VICTORIA HOTEL, Prince's Dock.—Old Scotch Whisky at Rs. 18 per doz. qts, equal to Whiskies at Rs. 22 per doz. Discount to the trade.

NEWEST SHAPES in black felt Hats for evening wear, at Rs. 9-8, at Y. A. LACKA and Co.'s Travelling Kit Warehouse, Hummum-street.

VEVEY CIGARS.—Direct from ORMOND & Co., Switzerland.
J. NEUBERG, 5, Meadow-street.

WANTED passed Hospital Assistants, salary Rs. 40. Apply with testimonials to Dr. Amidass Manji, L.M., Chief Medical Officer, Junagad State.

OUR Ladies' and Gent's Boot Department is now removed to our new Branch, Hornby Row.—Badham Pile & Co., Limited, successors to P. Grant and Son.

£6,277,986-3-0 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Office. New Assurances last financial year £1,300,000.

SPECIALITIES!—Just arrived new Tweeds, new Angolas, all wool, thoroughly shrunk, from Rs. 20 per suit, nett. Namsee Khyraz & Co., 13, Meadow-street.

CHAMPAGNE.—HEIDSICK'S DRY MONOPOLE, a fresh shipment, quarts 8.50 and pts. Rs. 36, less our usual 5 per cent. discount. Apply to the Godownkeeper, VOLKART BROTHERS.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1884. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

20 RUPEES REWARD.—LOST, a pair of Field Glasses, by Negretti and Zambra, in black leather case, stamped with initials C. A. R., owner's name C. A. Roberts on glasses. Whoever will forward the same to owner, Mecan Mir, can receive the above reward.

FRESH OILMANSTORES, Tea and Coffee Sugar, Split Peas, &c., at lowest terms for cash —PEARSE and Co., 22 and 23, Apollo-street, Bombay.

CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS AND ARMY CLOTH MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

SOLE CONTRACTORS TO H. M. GOVERNMENT IN INDIA FOR THE SUPPLY OF BLANKETS TO BRITISH TROOPS.

THE Company having at a great cost perfected its machinery for the manufacture of Broad cloths, Serges, great coatings and fabrics of a similar nature, is now in a position to register orders for these goods. The cloths manufactured by this Company are warranted to be of pure wool throughout, and for cheapness, durability and finish will be found unsurpassed.

Price Lists and Samples may be had on application to
THE MANAGER.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
KEROSINE OIL.

THE Agent is prepared to receive at his office, Elphinstone Circle, up to 1 p.m., gun-fire, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th October next, Tenders for the supply, during the year 1885, commencing 1st January, of 5,000 cases of purified and refined Petroleum or Kerosine oil of very best quality, water white, and warranted to be not less than 150° fire test—each case to contain 60 lbs. nett of oil. To be delivered from time to time as required in lots not exceeding 1,000 cases.

No notice will be taken of any Tender unless accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 500 in cash or Government Promissory Notes, and this amount will in the event of the Tender being accepted be retained as security for due fulfilment of Contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 23rd September, 1884.

NOTICES.

BEST INVALID PORT.—This wine is carefully selected and guaranteed as of excellent quality and very highly recommended by medical practitioners for invalids and convalescents. Price Rs. 27 per case of one dozen quarts.

FERNANDES & Co., Chemists, &c., Bombay.

BADHAM, PILE and Co., Limited.
SUCCESSORS TO
P. GRANT AND SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SADDLERY AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
6, HORNBY-ROAD, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, MESSRS. CURTIS'S and HARVEY'S GUN-POWDER, &c.

Loose Blastin Powder in kegs of 25 lbs. per kegs.
Do. F do. do.
Do. FF do. do.
Do. FFF do. do.
Do. FO do. do.

lb. tins	cases of 25 lbs.	per doz. bl.
Do. FF	do.	do.
Do. FFF	do.	do.
lb. tins F	do.	do.
lb. tins FF	do.	do.
Do. FFF	do.	do.
Do. A W I American	do.	do
Do. U S Rifle	do.	do.
Do. No. 6 Cannister	do.	per case.

HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM & Co.,
Agents.
Apollo Street, May 12, 1881.

THE BROWNUGGUR COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the REGISTERED OFFICE of the Company, No. 7, Hummum-street, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 4th day of October, 1884, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and audited Accounts made up to 31st December, 1883.
2nd. To elect Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
3rd. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4th. To transact any other business that the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

By order of the Board,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & Co.,
Secretaries.

7, Hummum-street, Bombay, 25th Sept. 1884.

CRYSTOLEUM AND METALLICON PAINTING.

THE SOLE AGENCY FOR INDIA, from 200, Regent-street, London, has been established at No. 15, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY, opposite to Messrs. Watson's Hotel, where Lessons are given daily (Sunday excepted) by a Lady (Medalist, London Exhibition, June, 1884), and where also Materials and Price Lists can be obtained on application.

The above most beautiful Arts can easily be acquired, by even those who have had no previous knowledge of painting; and success is guaranteed to all painstaking pupils.

Specimens of the work, showing the high proficiency which can readily be acquired after a few lessons only, are now on view and an inspection is respectfully solicited.

Photograps artistically painted by the Crystoleum process, or in permenent water colours, at most reasonable rates.

GRINDLAY AND CO.,
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS,
55, PARLIAMENT-STREET, LONDON, S. W.
Established 1828.

MEMBERS of the INDIAN SERVICES returning to England are invited to apply to Messrs. GRINDLAY and Co. for information regarding Pay, Pension, Furlough and Fund Rules, addresses of Brother Officers, &c, &c.

From the length of time their Firm has been in existence, and the mass of records they have accumulated, Messrs. GRINDLAY and Co. can afford their constituents exceptional facilities in matters necessarily beyond the sphere of purely Banking Establishments.

Forms for reporting arrival in Europe, Powers of Attorney, &c., can be obtained on application to
Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA;
Messrs.—BINNEY & Co.—MADRAS;
Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.

PERRY DAVIS VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son Manufacturers and Proprietors Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.

AS an application for
BRUISES, BURNS,
NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM,
has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA,
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retail all by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT A BOMBAY.
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Pir Market near Jumma Musjid.

A SINGLE ARTICLE AT WHOLESALE PRICE.

SHROFF BROTHERS,
LONDON, BOMBAY, AND AMRAOTI.

HAVE much pleasure to inform the general public in Bombay and up-country that they have JUST OPENED a WAREHOUSE of CHEAPEST EUROPE STORES at 32, Esplanade Cross Road, Old Cash Bazar Building near Crawford Market, where all useful and Fancy Articles can be had cheaper than all other Bmus in Bombay, as they have secured Sole Agencies with several Merchants and Manufacturers in different European towns, all throughout the Continent, by personally visiting those Places. "COMPARISON is the true test of CHEAPNESS."

IN STOCK, ENGLISH SEWING MACHINES BY S. DAVIS & Co., London.

	Rs. as.
EMPRESS Lock Stitch Hand Machine	27 0
PEARL Machine on the Wheeler-Wilson principle.	45 0
FAMILY Machine on the Singer principle	45 0
CHILDREN'S Perambulators with iron wheels from Rs. 18 to	45 0
ENGLISH Folding Chairs with Arms and Carved seats, each	5 8
PORTABLE Electric Bells with Wire Battery Push, complete, each	12 0
WATCHES in Gold and Silver Aluminium Metal, each, from Rs. 3-8 to	80 0
WHISKY, Glenogle Scotch Highland, per case.....	30 0
CLARET, Nicholes Freres Margaux, "	30 0
BRANDY, Beychan Fils, per case.	18 0

The above three wines are imported first time in India, of which they are Sole Agents for India.

Besides the above we have a large assortment of DRESDEN China Vases, Flower Baskets, Ladies' Velvet, Plush, and Oil-cloth Wood Bags, and other Ornamental and Fancy Goods too numerous to mention here.

Messrs. SHROFF BROTHERS have also much pleasure to inform the general public that they have also started Agency for GENERAL PURVEYING AND BAZAAR SUPPLY

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 2.

The heavy rains which had set in again at the time of writing our last weekly report lasted up to the end of the week, and communication was partially interrupted on both lines of railway for a few days. Through traffic has, however, been resumed again, and to all appearance the monsoon is now over. For the sake of the crops it is certainly to be hoped that it is, as we now require, fine weather, and more rain at this advanced stage of the season would do serious damage. In some parts slight injury has already been done. Cotton does not promise quite so well as it did, and will be at best a late crop.

Holidays have again interfered with business somewhat, but the real check to activity rests with the continued adverse accounts of the produce markets in Europe. Cotton is a trifle firmer at the close after being very depressed during the week. Wheat and Seeds are in most limited request and not in large supply. Freights are steadying somewhat owing to a number of steamers going to Calcutta and Kurrachee to load, but ready quotations cannot be advanced; 13s. 9d. for Wheat and 15s. to 16s. 3d. for measurement for Liverpool and London being still the ruling rates. Imports meet a fair average demand for the season of the year, but the only article which has advanced materially in value is Coal owing to the position of freights. The money market keeps quiet. Sterling Exchange is steady; Government Paper dull. Shares are decidedly better owing to what is regarded as the more pacific news from China.

MONEY.—There is no very special change to notice in the position of the market. The last Bank of Bombay return showed a slight increase in strength, and business requirements are of course still at a minimum. The tendency, however, is not towards ease, and the first movement we see will probably be upwards. Meantime rates of discount are all the same—the Bank of Bombay minimum 4 per cent., outside 3 to 4 per cent. on Government Paper and 5 to 6 per cent. on other securities.

EXCHANGE. There has been very little doing in sterling this week, but the tone of the market has been towards firmness. Business for this mail opened on Saturday at 1-32d. over the closing quotations for last steamer, say 1s. 7 17-32d. for demand Bank and 1s. 7 23-32d. for 3 months' Credit bills. Monday was a holiday, and no change took place on Tuesday or Wednesday. To-day, however, with advice of 15 lacs Telegraphic transfers having been taken up from Government in London yesterday at 1s. 7 9-16d. for Calcutta, the finances has been increased, and most of the Banks have further advanced their drawing rates 1-32d., closing quotations being:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 17-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 7 7/16 (5) d.	"
On. Three Months' Sight	1s. 7 21-32d.	"
Credits, do. do. do.	1s. 7 23-32 to 24	"
Francs do. do.	2 08	"

At the top rates the Banks are both buyers and sellers for all this month and at 1-32d. advance up to the end of the year, the tendency at the same time being rather more in favour of selling than buying. With our export trade in the present state, however, and Council drafts to the extent of 47 lacs per week to be absorbed between now and the end of March, there is no prospect of a much higher level of exchange being established for any length of time.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—With a very steady tone Fours opened at Rs. 99½, and on Saturday hardened up to Rs. 99 5-16, but on the resumption of business again on Tuesday a weaker feeling was apparent and the slight improvement lost. Yesterday no alteration was made, but to-day the rate has dropped to Rs. 99 1-16 sellers. Fours-and-a-half recovered to Rs. 102¾ in the beginning of the week, and has remained at that level ever since, although transactions have been few and small in amount.

SHARES.—The more pacific character of the telegraphic advices from China has confirmed the turn towards improvement which had already set in with *Spinning and Weaving Mill* shares, which have improved in value daily throughout the week. Our quotations show a recovery from the lowest point of Rs. 125 in Mahalukshmi, Rs. 60 in Hindustan, Rs. 65 in Jewraz Balioo, Rs. 45 in Empress, Rs. 40 in Morarjee Goculdas, Rs. 35 in Sholapore, Rs. 30 in James Greaves, and Rs. 10 to Rs. 20 in other concerns. *Press* Companies are firm, and in some cases rather dearer. *Banks* are all unchanged. In the *Miscellaneous* list Bombay-Burmah Trading have declined Rs. 25, Treacher & Co. have advanced Rs. 10, Kemp & Co. Rs. 7. Bombay Flour Mills are Rs. 10 higher, Bapty Brothers, Limited, slightly weaker.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—With the cessation of the heavy rains, and the restoration of through railway traffic, the market for goods has been decidedly more active, and the clearances from the bazaar during the week have amounted to about 4,000 packages, a larger total than we have had to record for some time past. The increased business has not led to any [illegible], on the contrary, it has probably meant a slight concession on the part of sellers, who, with full supplies and generally weak accounts from Manchester, have had the hope of replacing cheaper as an inducement to free selling. In Grey Goods the demand has run mainly on Shirtings and Madapollams, and a fair extent of business has also been done in American Drills. In Bleached Goods transactions have been large, particularly in standard qualities of Shirtings for which a reduction of 1 anna per piece has been accepted. Dyed and Printed Cloths are dull, but Turkey Reds meet a fair demand.

TWIST.—As regards English Yarns we have no particular alteration to notice. Prices remain unaltered, and the off-take is only on an average scale. For local Yarns the market shows a decided improvement in tone, and buyers are offering an advance of 1-16 to ¼ anna per lb., but rates are still too low to tempt sellers, who generally believe in an early settlement of the Chinese difficulty and an improvement in the demand for Yarn from that quarter. Meanwhile the business done this week has only been about 1,000 bales, about one-fourth of the production.

METALS.—*Copper* has been in fair request from second hands at previous prices, but importers have not found any improvement in the demand. *Yellow Metal* is quiet at former rates. *Iron* still meets a comparatively slow sale, and prices are, if anything, tending easier.

COALS.—The absence of sellers continues to impart an upward tendency to the market, and to-day for near Coal there are no sellers under Rs. 17 for both Cardiff and Davison's West Hartley.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—Until within the past two days the Liverpool advices have been of the most depressing character, and prices had declined about Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per candy in Old and Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 in New Cotton. Yesterday and to-day, however, has brought steadying new and Re. 1 to Rs. 2 of the decline has been recovered.

The transactions for export during the week have been very limited, probably not more than 2,000 bales in all consisting mainly of Old Dholleras and Bhownuggers on the basis of Rs. 180 to Rs. 182 and Omras at Rs. 179 to Rs. 181 for Good. In New Crops for future delivery there has been some business done in Bengals at Rs. 145 to Rs. 147 for Good, December-January, in Broach at Rs. 213 to Rs. 215 for March, and in Omras at Rs. 185 to Rs. 186 for March Good.

Receipts have been small this week owing to the interruption in traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway, but exports have been more liberal owing to the clearances by the monthly liners for Mediterranean and Adriatic Ports.

New Crop reports are all agreed on one point, that the heavy rains of a week ago will render it a late season. As regards the extent of actual damage done, however, these are very various. In Bengals there can be very little doubt yellow stain and black leaf will be caused, and the yield of high-class will be small. In the Omra Khandeish districts the crop is doing well, but in Broach some little damage has resulted, and from Dholleras reports are distinctly less favourable. On the whole, however, we consider the crop promises to be about up to last season.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparisons with the two previous years:—

Receipts.	1884.	1883.	1882.
For the week	3,364	7,326	3,810
Since 1st January	1,116,089	1,108,088	1,436,068
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	7,349	2,001	4,079
Since 1st January	1,112,815	1,100,039	1,391,715
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	1,833	532	499
Since 1st January	99,071	16,228	90,870

The following are to-day's quotations for Cotton (full-pressed) with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool via Canal, without Commission:—

	Per Candy.	per lb. C & F.
Old—		
Dholleras, Fully Good	Rs. 187	4d.
Do. Good	180	4 7-16d.
Do. F. G. F.	173	4 9-32d.
Omra, Fully Good	186	4 19-32d.
Do. Good	178	4 13-32d.
Do. F. G. F.	165	4 3-32d.
Westerns, Good	162	4 1-32d.
Do. F. G. F.	156	3 15-16d.
Compta. F. G. F.	165	4 3-32d.
Do. G. F.	167	4 1-32d.
Dharwar Sawcleaned, Good	187	4d.
Do. F. G. F.	180	4 7-16d.
New—		
Bengal, Good, December Delivery	146	3 11-16d.
Omra, do. March do.	185	4 11-16d.
Broach, do. do. do.	211	5d.

WHEAT.—Supplies have again been moderate, but home accounts restrict business, and there is no change in prices to report. We quote No. 1 Soft White Rs. 25 to Rs. 25-8, Ahmedabad Red Rs. 23, Jubbulpore Rs. 22, Khatha Rs. 19 per candy. Receipts show the following comparisons:—

	1884.	1883.	1882.
For the week cwt.	125,063	158,473	55,326
Since 1st January "	6,366,869	8,043,215	5,329,084

SEEDS.—*Linseed*, after an interval of dulness during which the price receded to Rs. 6-1 per cwt., has been in stronger request again with a recovery to Rs. 6-3. Supplies from up-country are moderate, the following being a comparison with the two previous seasons:—

	1884.	1883.	1882.
For the week cwt.	21,016	22,456	29,830
Since 1st January "	3,758,400	3,975,688	2,802,065

Rapeseed is scarce, and for Yellow Guzerat old we quote Rs. 7 to Rs. 7-1 per cwt., New for April delivery stands at Rs. 6-11 to Rs. 6-12 per cwt. *Gingelly* is in demand for November delivery, but dealers are chary about selling owing to fears of damage by the late rains. We quote:—White Rs. 37 to Rs. 38, Mixed Rs. 35 to Rs. 36, Brown Rs. 33 to Rs. 35 per candy.

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 12-7
Carolas	" 230
Mexican dollars	" 224
Five-Franc Pieces	" 238
Bar Silver, 17 to 17½ betterness	" 106-7
Gold Leaf	" 19-15
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	" 19-13
Australian Gold, 100 touch	" 19-13
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	" 19-12-9
Pekin Gold Bars	" 19-6

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Deepdale, 1,715 tons, Captain John G Sharp, will sail to-day for Dunkirk, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Chindwara, 1,486 tons, Captain T E Gillatt, sailed yesterday for Rangoon, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Bhownuggur, 108 tons, Nacoda, will sail to-day for Bhownuggur, with a general cargo and 30 deck passengers.

THE B and P S N Co's steamer King Arthur, 1,047 tons, Captain F J Raffin, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf, with a general cargo and 130 deck passengers.

THE following is the list of passengers by the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's s s Indus, Commander W E Breeze, arrived from Sydney:—From Sydney—Mr A Hunt, Mr A A Hunt, Mr Topham and family, Dr Griffiths, Capt T Welchmann, Capt and Mrs Clibborn, Mr and Mrs Peevost, Mr C B Hunter. From Melbourne—Mr McIver Campbell and child, Miss Simson, Mr Tokuda, Mr J T Studley, Lieut Recardo, Mrs Brownie, Mr J Monckton, Major Sugard, Capt Steele, Capt H Dobie, Mr L G Evans, Mr Heckling and family, Miss Constance de Little, Mrs and Miss Phillipson. From Glenelg—Mr and Mrs Rauch. From Singapore—Col Lockhardt, Mr A B Lobo. From Shanghai—Mr C B Tata. From Calcutta—Col Upperton, Mr and Mrs Higgins, Mr H Cave, Mr J A Wright. From Colombo—Capt G Apthorp, Archdeacon Mathew, Mr E W Ward Jones, Bandmaster Luschoitz and family.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
2	I. G. Clive (s) ..... Indus (s)	Powell	Kurrachee, Sept. 29. Sydney.

DEPARTURE.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
2	Chindwara (s)	Gillatt	Rangoon, &c.

The following vessels obtained port-clearances yesterday:—
Steamer King Arthur, Raffin, to Persian Gulf.
" Deepdale, Sharp, to Dunkirk.
" Bhownuggur, Nacoda, to Bhownuggur.

The steamer Nurbudda, to Coast and Calcutta, was entered for loading yesterday.

HIGH COURT.—OCTOBER 3.

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

470—Tobin and R.—Pandappa Soobaya Soudhe and others vs. Morarji Topun and others.—E. Wilkin.—Part heard.

471—Macfarlane and E.—Pandurung, Jewha vs. Bala Mungesh Wagle—Thakurdas and D.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PINHEY.)

For Consent Decree.

255-81—Tobin and R.—The Land Mortgage Bank of India vs. Jerbai and others—Ardesir and H.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

247-83—H. Bicknell—Cowasjee Nowrojee Damla vs. Bai Dhunbai—A. F. Turner.

303-83—Macfarlane and E.—(For pauper)—H. E. Pereira vs. J. B. Gomes and another—Nanu and H.

139-83—Tobin and R.—Doolubdas Atmaram and another vs. Tribhowandas Veerji and another.—Macfarlane and E.

95-83—Little, S. F. and N.—Rambai and another vs. Purshotam Munji and another—Hore, C. and B., and Little, S. F. and N.

96-83—Khunderao J.—Meghji Mathooradas vs. Nathoo Wallji and another—Thakurdas and D., and Little, S. F. and N.

153-83—In person—Munji Ramji vs. Gunput Madhowdas and another—In person.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice HARI.)

For Judgment.

256-83—Little, S. F. and N.—Bachoobai and another vs. Shamji Jadowji—Hore, C. and B.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

214-84—Mulji B. B.—Jeewa Jussa vs. Jalloo and another—Pestonji K.—Part heard.

168-83—Jefferson B. and D.—Bhika Mohanlal and another vs. Nanabhai Vishwanath and others—H. Bicknell—Part heard.

282-81—R. Skipsey—Damodhur Runchordas vs. Vussonjee Runchordas and others—Little, S. F. and N., Hore C. and B.

294-83—Thakurdas and D.—Fazulbhoy Cassumbhoy Gangji vs. Peeroo Mahomed and others.—Macfarlane and E. and Payne G. and S.

331-83—Balkrishna and B.—Janardhan Vishwanth vs. Parwatibhai and others.

484—Little S. F. and N.—Jamsetjee Bomonje Wadia vs. Sitaram Lakhman—Macfarlane and E.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 29.

Cotgrave, Lieut., 5th Bombay N. L. I., on leave, from Mhow.

SEPTEMBER 30.

Danby, Lieut., 7th Dragoon Guards, on leave, from Mhow.

Buller, Lieut.-Col., C. I. Horse, on leave, from Augor.

Garrett, Capt., Ast. Adjt.-Genl. H. C., on leave, from Bolaram.

OCTOBER 1.

Gatt, Lieut., 3rd Bombay L. I., on leave, from Poona.

Kellie, Capt., 23rd Bombay N. L. I., on leave, from Poona.

Gardiner, Lieut., 11th Bombay N. I., on duty, from Poona.

OCTOBER 2.

Bishop, Lieut., Glocestershire, on duty, from Kurrachee.

DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 1.

Edwards, Brigadier General, Staff, on leave, to Mount Aboo.

OCTOBER 2.

Prideaux, Major, Political Department, on duty, to Calcutta.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Bombay Government Gazette, Oct. 2.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Major W Marshall, S C, is permitted to retire from the Service from the 1st Oct 1884, on a pension of £444 per annum, subject to H M's approval.

The services of Major H M Burgess, R A., are replaced at the disposal of H E the C-in-C, with effect from the 5th Oct 1884.

The undermentioned Sub-Assist Apothy is allowed acting rank of Assist Apothy, second class, from 4th to 11th Sept 1884 inclusive, while in Subordinate Medical charge of the Station Hospital, Hyderabad:—V E Nazareth, General No. 181.

The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty:—Capt C W H Sealy, and Capt E L Elliot, Staff Corps.

The undermentioned officers have been granted by the Secy of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified:—

Major B G Humphrey, S C, three months, medical certificate; Lieut-Col John Jacob, S C, three months, medical certificate; Capt E L Elliot, S C, three months, private affairs; and Lieut E C Cox, S C, two months, medical certificate.

Lieut Claude Vyvian Schneider Second Battn West York Regt, is appointed a Probationer for the B S C, with effect from 24th Sept 1884.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Capt W B Ferris is appointed, as a temporary measure, to act as Joint Administrator of Sangli, in addition to his own duties as Actg Assist Pol Agent in Subordinate charge of the Southern Country States, Maratha from the date of Lieut-Col W F F Waller's departure on leave.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Azam Hanmant Wasudeo Mulgundkar, Actg Head Karkun of Taluka Muddebihal in the Dist of Kaladgi, is appointed to be a Magte of the third class in the Dist of Kaladgi under Sec 12 of Act X of 1882, and is invested with the additional powers specified in the fourth Schedule to the said Act.

Azam Venktesh Bhimrao, BA, Actg Head Karkun of Taluka Sampgaon in the Dist of Belgaum, is appointed to be a Magte of the third class in the Dist of Belgaum.

Mr Jugaldas Laxmidas, Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Vagra in the Surat Dist, was, in addition to his own duties, in charge of the current duties of that Court from the 1st to the 8th July 1884, both days inclusive.

Rao Saheb Chandulal Mathuradas, second class Subordinate Judge of Broach, was, in addition to his own duties in charge of the current duties of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Vagra in the Surat Dist from the 9th July to the 8th Aug 1884, both days inclusive.

Rao Bahadur Chunilal Maneklal, first class Subordinate Judge of Dhulia, is allowed privilege leave for three months from the 16th inst next, or from such other date as he may avail himself of it.

Mr E C Morrieson, second Asst Collr, Nasik, is, as a temporary measure, appointed to be Cant Magte at Malegaon, in addition to his other duties.

Mr Damodhar Kachashivar Dhodapkar, in appointed to be a second class, fourth grade, Subordinate Judge, taking rank between Rao Saheb Sitanath Gopinath Ajinkya and Khan Saheb Ruttonjee Muncherjee.

The appointment of Mr Siddheshvar Bhaskar Gole to be second class, fourth grade, Subordinate Judge, made in Govt Notification No 6,014, dated the 20th ultimo, is cancelled. Mr Gole is however, to continue to act as second class Subordinate Judge, and to do duty as Munsif at Dohad in the Panch Mahals Dist until further orders.

Rao Saheb Shrinivas Venkatesh, Actg Mamlatdar of Chikodi in the Dist of Belgaum, is appointed to be a Magte of the second class in the Dist of Belgaum.

Mr E McG B Fulton delivered over charge of the office of Judge and Sessions Judge of Surat on the 22nd inst.

Rao Saheb Ramchandra Dinkar Paranjape and Rao Saheb Gangadhar Vishnu Limaye respectively delivered over and received charge of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Barsi in the Sholapur Ahmednagar Dist on the 15th inst.

Mr Hari Sitaram is appointed to act as Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Dahanu in the Thana Dist, with effect from the 24th Sept 1884, during the absence of Mr Sakharam Mahadev, on sick leave or until further orders.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr J B Modak, Head Master of the Byramjee Jejeebhai High School, Thana, is allowed privilege leave for five weeks from 1st Oct next.

Messrs Govind Vithal Kurkarny and J T Hawthornthwaite respectively delivered over and received charge of the Professorship of Mathematics, Elphinstone College, on the 22nd ult.

The unexpired portion (two days) of the three months' leave granted to Mr. Hathornthwaite in this Dept Notification No 634 30th May last is cancelled.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr H Mainwaring, Depy Consr of Forests, fourth grade, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of furlough for nine months.

Khan Saheb Mahomed Yakub Valad Ismail, Mukhtyarkar of Kotri is appointed to act as Daftardar to the Collr of Karachi during the absence on furlough of Rao Bahadur Tikamdas Chotirmal.

Rao Bahadur Tikamdas Chotirmal, Daftardar to the Collr of Karachi, is allowed furlough for six months from 1st Oct 1884.

Mr E J Ebden, C S, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr J Pollen, C S, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State of India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The privilege leave for three months granted to Dr. J. Burgess, LLD, MRAS, FRGS, Archæological Surveyor and Reporter, Western and Southern India, has been converted by H M's Secy of State for India into leave on medical certificate for five months.

Assist Surgn Nadirshaw Hormusji Sukhia, L M and S, is appointed to do Genl Duty in Bombay on being relieved of the medical charge of the Dispensary at Alibag. His transfer to Bombay has been made on public grounds and not at his own request.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 14, RAMPART-ROW,

OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 3, HORNBY-ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

DENTAL SURGEON,

MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

NO. 23, RAMPART-ROW,

Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, Sick Headache and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the Skin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure, when all other drugs have failed.

DEFECTIVE OR FAILING SIGHT.

THE sense of sight is so valuable that the importance of perfect and carefully adjusted spectacles can scarcely be overrated; although the wearing of single eyeglasses should be strictly avoided, we have the highest medical authority, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight; and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common pebble or glass spectacles now so generally sold.

For the guidance of those who are using pebble spectacles, it may be stated that when the pebbles are cut against the grain, and not polished on the principle which has been universally declared the most appropriate based on scientific research, they are injurious to the sight.

Unadvisable as the unnecessary wearing of spectacles undoubtedly is, the common notion that their use should be postponed to the utmost is proved beyond dispute to be a grave mistake.

Being in possession of all the optical instruments taken over by us from Dr. A. Menist, we are not only in a position to suit the eye sight to perfection, but to supply different accommodations for each eye which so frequently are needed.

Pamphlet with self-suiting directions free on application

C. MARCKS & Co.

43, Rampart-row, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

MAUGHAN—September 30, at Jubbulpore, the wife of J. A. Maughan, Mining Engineer, Agent and Manager of the Nerbudda Coal and Iron Co. Limited, of a son.

MURTAGH—September 24, at Ahmednagar, the wife of Surgeon-Major Murtagh, A.M.D., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ABUD—BANKS—September 29, at Rajkot, by the Rev. C. Kirk, Lieut. H. M. Abud, 18th Bo. N. I., to Rhoda Mary, daughter of Dr. Henry Banks, Wicklow.

MACTAGGART—MOSCARDI—September 30, at St. James's Church, Thana, by the Rev. F. L. Sharpin, Harry Dundas Beatson Mactaggart, Esq., of Bombay, to Alice, second daughter of Signor L. D. Moscardi, of Bath, England.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1884.

SOME surprise has been expressed that there is an apparent lull in the preparations for the Bombay Exhibition. The reason is easily stated. The Committee at its last meeting agreed to a resolution that the guarantee bond should be drawn in order that the guarantors might attach their signatures to it. This done, the requisite funds could at once become available, and the business of organisation could be begun. But one of the trustees whose names are to be in the bond is the Chairman of the Corporation for the time being. Before his name is included a vote of the Corporation must be taken. It was intended to get the vote a fortnight ago, but owing to three deaths of members of the Corporation the meeting then fixed did not take place. At the meeting on Saturday (to-morrow) the vote will, no doubt, be passed and the bond will at once be completed. The signatures will be appended in the course of the month, and in December the practical work will really begin. A public meeting will be held, His Excellency the Governor presiding. All concerned in the at one time difficult and doubtful task of arranging the preliminaries, which are now so happily concluded, are of one mind in attributing to the steady support of His Excellency no inconsiderable share of the success which has crowned the efforts so strenuously made by the citizens of Bombay.

There are one or two points raised in the Resolution of the Government of Bombay relative to the preparations for the due representation of the Bombay Presidency at the London and Antwerp Exhibitions which may require a little consideration. The Government, which allocates a lakh of rupees for the purposes of the London Exhibition, proposes to entrust the Executive Committee of the Bombay Exhibition with the duty of taking steps to ensure the adequate representation of the Presidency both at Antwerp and in London. If the Executive Committee can find time for the performance of this treble duty, nothing need be said. The arrangement will have certain advantages among which must be counted unity of direction and of effort. But the work devolving on the Executive Committee in respect to the organization of the exhibits for Bombay will be very heavy, and it may be doubted whether the members can supplement that work by providing for the requirements of London and Antwerp. The members of the Committee will be, no doubt, busy men who have their own avocations to look after. They cannot devote their whole time to the Exhibition. In effect the chief labour will devolve upon the chairman and the secretary, and the Bombay Exhibition alone will keep their hands very full. We are inclined to think that a distinct organization of some kind should be got together for the purposes of the two European Exhibitions.

Another point is that which has reference to the Prince of Wales' desire to see the handicraftsmen of India represented at the London Exhibition. There would be great advantage in sending native workmen to London, so that they might see the methods and means by which European workmen produce so much and so rapidly. Their minds would be opened to new ideas, and Indian industry could not fail to profit by the lesson. But it must be confessed that there is good ground for the fear expressed by the Governor that if it be intended that the Indian handicraftsmen are to display the whole process of Indian manufacture at the London Exhibition—and this apparently is intended—the expense would be considerable, for the cost of [illegible] passage money, and the pay and maintenance of the men for six months in England would come to a heavy sum. Something short of this might be done by a public subscription to defray the expense of sending native workmen to the Exhibition for a month or two, in connection with the exhibits on the manufacture of which they had been employed.

THE problem "What to do with our boys?" has been so fully discussed at home and abroad for months past that one turns with all the interest of novelty to what after all is not very novel, the correlative inquiry "What to do with our girls?" A suggestion which has lately been made by Mr. Ferguson, a well-known Ceylon journalist, supplies an interesting and perhaps a valuable contribution towards a solution of the problem. The suggestion is that young Englishwomen should come out with their unmarried brothers to India, or Ceylon, or the colonies, to keep house for them, and help them to find something of the comforts of home in their exile. Mr. Ferguson's apology for his suggestion is at least plausible. England, he points out, is overstocked with women who are clamouring for work, and votes, and husbands. Coincidently with this a number of young men are year by year going abroad—a greater number each year, so rapid is the growth of Greater Britain—and in a large number of cases they go out to that certain discomfort which we euphemistically speak of as "roughing it." The ordeal differs as greatly in degree as in its effects. But beyond question it does in some cases prove too severe. Mr. Ferguson speaks especially of Ceylon when he says that "fellows come in from a hard day's work on the slopes, fagged and weary, to their bungalow. There is food prepared for them by their native servants, but it is often not fit to eat. So one goes to the brandy for consolation." And he expresses his conviction that the presence of his sister would have saved many a young fellow from drink and ruin in Ceylon, if she had been there to look after his bungalow and minister to his wants. But if this be true of Ceylon, it must be in an equal degree true of India and of a great part of the Colonial Empire of Great Britain. The discomforts, the trials, and the temptations of solitude are experienced wherever a young Englishman, in the pursuit of his fortune, takes himself far from European communities. It does not follow because his dinner is badly cooked, and because he is weary with the day's work, and because he has no congenial company in his bungalow, that he must seek comfort in the brandy-bottle. Society itself is sometimes as potent a tempter as solitude, and there is many a man who if left to himself would live a more sober and prudent life than he lives in the company of his intimates. Perhaps Mr. Ferguson exaggerates the "ruinous" tendency of the solitude that he has in view. He admits that the evil existed more abundantly in the early pioneering days, when of course life in the colonies was harder than it is now, and when colonists and up-country people generally came much more seldom in contact with their fellow-countrymen and with some of the softening influences of civilization than they do in these days. From planters, indeed, "who had not seen a countrywoman's face for nine or ten years" what but evil would be expected? We have changed all that in these days. But still something remains to be done for comfort's and for companionship's sake for the unmarried and unmarrying young Englishmen who live in the loneliness of these distant lands.

Of course the true remedy for the evil deplored by Mr. Ferguson is for every young man who comes out to India to include a wife in his outfit. But it so happens that the temperament which best adapts a man for seeking his fortune in a distant country is not the temperament most disposed for marrying. A wife may be *de trop* to such an one in a sense in which a sister would not. Mr. Ferguson moreover believes that in the majority of cases the allowance that would keep one person in a colony, whether in a temperate or a sub-tropical region, would keep two, and of course, he adds, there is not the same risk of expense connected with a sister as with a wife. It is more than possible that a *menage* thus conducted would be no more costly than one in which the native servants had an uncontrolled run of the house. The necessities of life are in most cases the least costly items in a household expenditure, and it would be the housekeeper's fault if the expenses of the bungalow were to be a rupee the greater for her presence. It may make it hard for the ladies who may come out to India to preside over their brothers' bungalows if we say that the economy and the comfort of the establishment will depend entirely upon them. But such would undoubtedly be the case. There are sisters and sisters, and with all respect to the girlhood and womanhood of England we must say that a certain percentage of them had better stay at home, whether for their own comfort's sake or their brothers'. Girls whose days at home are spent in profitless companionship with "Ouida," and who know more of the drawing-room than of the kitchen, will not bring comfort to any bungalow. It may be difficult to advise anxious parents "what to do with their girls" when they are blessed with none but such; but it is easy enough to say what not to do with them. They must not be sent to India or to the colonies, for they would only make life the rougher for those who are roughing it. But amongst the women of England there must be a large proportion well adapted for presiding over a brother's house on some coffee plantation in Ceylon, on an Assam tea estate, or an indigo farm in Bengal. The qualifications for such a life are not to be found in every woman or perhaps in every household; but they are not rare. A woman who proposed to undertake the position must be a woman of courage and resource, and endowed with philosophy enough to carry her through the smaller annoyances of her daily life, and with enough good temper and good spirits to make her a cheery companion in circumstances where companionship is more to be desired than sunshine. No one would suggest that she should participate in the pioneering part of the enterprise. The bunga-

low roof should at least [illegible] for her coming, and it would [illegible] upon her own disposition how [illegible] she should take her place at the [illegible] household. There are few, perhaps, who well plunge *in medias res*. [illegible] best preparatory experience that a lady coming from England to take charge of her brother's bungalow could get would be such as a short residence at a small outlying station would supply her with. There she could learn something at least of the art and mystery of managing native servants, and something of the strangeness of bungalow life would wear off before she began to assume the charge of a *menage* which at best would at first present many novel and unfamiliar features.

Provided that the right women—and only the right women—came out, there is much in the experiment that Mr. Ferguson has suggested which would yield desirable results. There is no need to enlarge upon any of the considerations which should commend it to people at home. Perhaps, indeed, they are not quite as persuasive as they would have been in the old days, when India was "the great marriage market" in a degree in which it is so no longer. But it may be very much to a young woman's advantage to come out to India to manage her brother's house, even if there be no ulterior prospect of thereby getting one of her own to manage. There is an undoubted need for a career for thousands of young Englishwomen, and against many of them a career at home, outside the uncertain chances of matrimony, seems to be absolutely and entirely closed. Those of them who have brothers in distant lands might do worse than try what tropical life is like. Its strangeness would soon wear off; its angularities and discomforts, if they did not disappear with familiarity, would soon become tolerable. At the worst they are not bad enough to deter many thousands of Englishwomen from sharing them with their husbands, and even from persuading themselves in the end that the [illegible]rities of Indian life, even in the drenching climate of Assam, are not merely tolerable, but pleasant. We must not exaggerate the need for the sister-housekeeper in India, whatever opening there may be for her in Ceylon and the other colonies. Nor must we over-estimate the service that she may possibly render to the Anglo-Indian community. There was more room for her a generation ago, for it was then a more difficult matter for the Anglo-Indian to marry, and the number of European households that were ungraced with the presence of a lady was larger than it now is. In our days it is as easy for a man to go to Europe for a wife, and to find one, as it is to go there for a holiday. But there are men in India, as elsewhere, who are equally content to dispense with a wife and with a holiday. If these men have sisters who have nothing better to do, they might do worse for themselves than come to this country, see what an Indian bungalow is like, and show how comfortable it may be made. This would help in some small way to give an answer to the vexed question "what to do with our girls," and perhaps it would make the life of some of "our boys" less hard and more homelike than it too often is.

THE Bombay Report for 1883 of the Sanitary Commissioner has just been published, and from this it appears that the death-rate for the year was unusually heavy. This result was due to a widespread epidemic of cholera and the undue prevalence of small-pox; whilst fevers also were in excess of the mean. Yet the prospects of the introduction of real sanitary reforms are very encouraging, for, as the

RAMS.

ACCIDENT

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and seriously injured at 17.
ed to disregard of signals.
d, steady employés of the
n is the wife of a station-
Poradha.

ALLEY EXPEDITION.

N CORRESPONDENT.)

DUKI, OCT. 2.

Native Infantry, from Dera
l here on the 30th September.
umn from Quetta is expected
e General Tanner with the main
g day. The telegraph was again
two days. The two companies of
and the squadron 10th Bengal
es sent to Sunalan will return here
e coming from Quetta. The wing
Lancashire Regiment coming here
left Nari Gorge on the 30th ult.
e North Staffordshire coming with
om Quetta had to be sent back from
were unfit to proceed from fever.

E FOREIGN VALUE-PAYABLE PARCELS SCHEME.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, OCT. 2.

Madras Trades Association has replied to
Government of India circular upon the pro-
ed value-payable post scheme, giving the same
pinion as it expressed in 1879. In opposition to
such a scheme it urges that until the Home
Government recognizes the just claims of
India to a fair share of reciprocity no
further concessions should be made of a nature
calculated to operate in augmentation of a
one-sided arrangement which at present ex-
ists between this country and England. In
conclusion the Association states that it is a fact
admitting of no question that the inland value-
payable post has developed a system of
cash transactions hitherto unknown. The trades-
man's risk has been lessened, and consequently his
charges have been reduced in proportion, and, with
the possible exception of perishable goods, his
prices now compare favourably with English
houses. The latter, contribute nothing to the
Indian exchequer, and it is manifestly unfair to offer
them facilities for the disposal of their goods in
India which cannot possibly be shared reciprocally
by dealers in this country.

THE THEOSOPHISTS.

Dr. Hartmann and Mr. Judge write to the *Mail* to correct statements made by the *Times of India* ... acted on legal ... Mr. O'Flynn the ... they told him that ... of the "shrine."

FIELDS.

... raised in Mysore ... last month.

[RAMS.]

TURNS.

...ON, OCT. 2.

... quarter ending ... to £17,625,000, showing a ... compared with the same period ... year.

A NEW KNIGHT

The Queen has conferred the honour of Knighthood upon Mr. W. C. Petheram, the newly appointed Judge of the North-West Provinces.

THE CHOLERA IN ITALY.

The latest news from Italy respecting cholera ... that it is generally slightly on the decrease ... The returns from Naples and Genoa, however, show a mortality from the epidemic of fifty ... each city.

LORD WOLSELEY.

CAIRO, OCT. 1.

Wolseley and staff arrived at Assouan ...

RIOUS FIRE ON THE RIVER VOLGA.

ST. PETERSBURG, OCT. 1.

A serious fire has broken out on the river ... caused by a burning vessel drifting into, and ... fire to, a number of merchant vessels. ... is still raging. The loss is estimated at ... millions of roubles.

TEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, OCT. 1.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Cameron left here for Bombay this morning.
The Hall Line steamer Speke Hall left for Bombay this morning.

MALTA, OCT. 1.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here yesterday evening.

PORT SAID, OCT. 1.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Alnoka, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macpherson, arrived this morning.
The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Dacca, left for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, this ...

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Wool Cotton Market closed with a hard-... Surats freely supplied.
Cotton market has been steady.
Dhollera..... 4 3-16
Exchange Rupee Paper..... 80
Ditto 80½
Consols for account..... 101
Sterling Loan..... 101
French Rentes 109
Bar Silver 50 13-16

LETTER READINGS.

...ESDAY NIGHT, October 1.

... 787

...HURSDAY, October 2.

... 1857
... 1857
... 1857
... 1857
... 1880

... High Court yesterday, Mr. Justice Scott ... judgment in the case of Asabai against ... Hajee Tyeb Hajee Rahimtoola and others, in which ... question of custom prevailing in the Cutchee ... Memon caste regarding betrothal and marriage ... ornaments was considered by his lordship. The ... plaintiff claimed from the executors of late ... father-in-law, Mr. Hajee Ismail Hajee Hubbib, a ... Cutch millionaire, certain jewels which, she ... alleged, were given to her on her betrothal and ... second after her marriage. The fourth defendant, ... the heir-at-law of the deceased, contended that, ... according to the custom of the Cutchee Memon ... caste, the jewels always remained the property of ... the father-in-law. His lordship remarked that it ... was a rule of law in every civilized country that a ... custom, strictly proved, which was not contrary ... to the public policy, had the force of law. ... In India, perhaps more than elsewhere, this ... modification of general law by particular custom ... prevailed; but all the authorities agreed in ... the necessity of strict proof of a custom ... which was in derogation of the general rules of ... law; and in the absence of such proof, the general ... law was invariably held to apply. In this case his ... lordship found that the conditions of uniformity ... and continuance required to have existed in the custom were not fulfilled. It was clear in the course of the ... case, as a schism in the caste, ... and two parties had taken opposite sides ... Some made it ... Where regard to the question whether Cutchee Memons were governed by the law of their race or by the law of their religion, whether they were under the Hindoo law or under the Mahomedan law, his lordship said the question had invariably been decided in favour of the retention of Hindoo law. The learned judge thought there was sufficient proof to establish the plaintiff's claim to some of the jewels, and awarded her the value of them, without interest, considering her delay in bringing the suit. As the proof of custom broke down, the costs in that connection were to be borne by the fourth defendant. The executors were allowed all their costs out of the estate. The plaintiff was to have three-fourths of the costs, except those occasioned by the custom, out of the estate. The fourth defendant was to bear his own costs.

MR. MACPERHAN has been appointed Lord Dufferin's Private Secretary.

MAJOR HAYDON, R. E., has been appointed Executive Engineer, Broach. He will, however, continue to act as Executive Engineer, Aden, until the return of Major E. D'O. Twemlow, R. E. Mr. Tilack will continue to hold charge of the office of Executive Engineer, Broach, until relieved by Major Haydon.

THE appointment of MR. E. C. Morrieson, Second Assistant Collector, Nasik, to act temporarily as Cantonment Magistrate at Malegaon is gazetted.

The unexpired portion of the three months' leave granted to Mr. Hathornthwaite has been cancelled, and he has resumed charge of the Professorship of Mathematics, Elphinstone College.

AN extension of furlough for nine months has been granted to Mr. H. Mainwaring, Deputy Conservator of Forests.

THE orders made by the Governor in Council with regard to the establishment of local boards in the district of Nasik are published in yesterday's *Government Gazette*. We observe that in every instance there will be a preponderance of nominated over elected members.

CAPTAIN W. B. FERRIS has been appointed to act as Joint Administrator of Sangli, in addition to his own duties as acting Assistant Political Agent in subordinate charge of the Southern Maratha Country States. His appointment at Sangli is a temporary measure and will take effect from the date of the departure of Lieutenant-Colonel Waller on leave.

MESSRS. J. EDEN, C.S., and Mr. J. Pollen, C.S., have returned to duty within the period of their leave.

It is notified that the privilege leave for three months granted R. G. S., Archæological Surveyor M. R. A. S., Western and Northern India, has and Reporter, W... the Secretary of State into leave been converted by ... for five months. on medical certificate.

THE residents of Mu... the Bombay Government, vicinity have petitioned ... necessity for the immediate pointing out the nece... cemeteries situated along closing of the Mussalman ... is signed by nearly Queen's road. The petition ... Sonapore. all the residents in and about ...

THERE was a decrease of 20,881 tons in the commodities conveyed over the B. B. ... and C. I. Railway during the four weeks ending August 30 as compared with the corresponding period of last year. The amount carried was 31,045 tons—8,064 47,485 tons. The principal item of decrease—8,064 tons—is under the head of grain; on ... amount hand, there was an increase of 3,515 in the ... of coal carried.

THE death-rate in Bombay continues to be rather high. During the week ending the 30th ultimo it was 29·79 against 22·78 in the corresponding week of last year. It bears favourable comparison, however, with the mean of the corresponding weeks in the last five years, which was no less than 32·03. Last week the number of fatal cholera cases was 21. This was an improvement on the preceding week. Cholera mortality, however, continues to be above the average, the number of deaths in the corresponding week of last year being ten, while in the corresponding week of the preceding five years it was only five. Six of the cases occurred in the northern section of the Fort; four in the Market; one in Gomercary; two in Dhobie Talao; one in Bhuleshwar; three in Khumberwara; one in Sewree; two in Mahim; and one in the Water division.

THE following is the official summary of the Bombay Presidency season reports for the week ending the 30th ult:—Good rain throughout the Deccan and Southern Maratha Country excepting Dharwar. Kharif crops much benefited. More rain wanted in Dharwar and Belgaum, in the Mahimkantha and Cambay States, and in the eastern talukas of Poona and Satara. Scarcity of fodder in parts of Dharwar and Belgaum. Crops slightly damaged by excessive rain in parts of Gujarat and the Konkan. Cholera in parts of eleven districts; fever, small-pox, and cattle-disease continue in several districts.

THE height of the ridiculous has been attained at Lisbon. The Minister, who received by a steamer from England 50,000 sovereigns enclosed in a tin case, ordered that the money should be sent to the Lazaretto to undergo the process of disinfection.

To check the spread of hydrophobia, the Goa Government has issued orders for the wholesale destruction of all dogs, save those that wear a collar or are led by hand by the owners. A correspondent writes to us:—"The disappearance from off the face of the country of the canine race, which, as nocturnal sentries, rendered useful service in the villages where there are no police, will remove the only restraint the robbers experienced in plying their trade. The barking of a dog has many a time put the villagers on their guard, and frustrated the plans of the unwelcome visitors."

THE decision of Mr. Cooper in granting a summons in the Poona defamation case is being generally commented upon by the newspapers all over India. Accepting this ruling, the *Englishman* points out that every editor and printer of a newspaper in this country is, therefore, under the law as it stands at present with regard to defamation, liable to be summoned to the most distant part of India in which a copy of his paper containing the defamatory matter may be duly received through the post. The decision in Major Hogg's case even goes so far as to lay down that neither of the parties to the case need reside in the town where the summons is issued, although the necessary witnesses may all reside in the town where the libel was published. To show that this is by no means the first attempt to enforce the law in a similar manner, our Calcutta contemporary cites the case quoted in the *Bombay Gazette* where proceedings were instituted at Murree against a newspaper published in this city. Writing from its own experience, the *Englishman* adds:—"Our readers may recollect that the editor and printer of this paper were also lately summoned up into the wilds of Assam on a charge of defamation, but fortunately that case was settled amicably. The principle of the case, however, is the same, and we might have been compelled to go to Assam to defend the case, most of the witnesses connected with which were in Calcutta. This is an injustice to the proprietors and editors of newspapers which we feel quite certain the law never intended; for it involves not only the punishment for the offence itself, but also the expenditure of a vast sum in expenses and costs. We consider it advisable, therefore, that what is suggested by our Bombay contemporary should be acted upon. The Press should enter into an agreement to resist by united action any means of inflicting more punishment than the law intends on any offending member of its body; or should, at any rate, take steps to have the question decided by the highest courts in the kingdom, and should such decision be adverse, to attempt to obtain an alteration in the law as it stands at present."

THE Calcutta *Statesman* confesses itself at a loss to understand what change had come over the spirit of the Chief Presidency Magistrate when the second application for a summons was made, that he should have stultified himself. The *Statesman* further credits Mr. Cooper with a very accommodating disposition on the strength of a remark attributed to him to the effect, "I have never refused any application here." In this the *Statesman* seems to have been led astray by the incorrect report in a local contemporary. Mr. Cooper never said anything so preposterous. His words at the close of the argument, and made in reply to Mr. Craigie, who asked if the first application might be renewed, were, "I never can refuse to receive any application here."

THE Theosophists of Madras are meditating a terrible revenge against their scoffers. Dr. Hartman writes to the *Madras Mail*:—It may be interesting for you to know that under the present trying circumstances in which the Theosophical Society is placed, and in spite of the suspicion which is thrown upon one of its founders, not a single branch Society has wavered, and not a single resignation has been sent in. This ought to prove to the public that the existence of the Theosophical Society does not rest with the "occult phenomena," but is entirely independent of them. The only result of the hubbub will probably be, that the occurrence of such phenomena will, in the future, be restricted to an inner circle, instead of Being communicated to the public, which can neither understand nor appreciate them.

MR. CHARLES MARVIN has written a long letter to the Allahabad paper, in which he bitterly laments the apathy and indifference shown by the public at home in the matter of Sir Peter Lumsden's Mission to Central Asia. He complains that the despatch of the Mission has excited very little interest, and that even the *Times*, which has once or twice of late insisted on the importance of the undertaking, and might have availed itself of the opportunity to contest the views expressed by the *Novoe Vremya*, passes over the event, and devotes its leaders to the more important topics of gravel, cholera germs, and parish churches. "Sir Peter Lumsden complained to me," Mr. Marvin writes, "of the indifference of the public to the Central Asian Question. An accident in the next street excited far more interest than any catastrophe in the East. His view has been curiously realised in the *Times* this morning, which gives 3½ lines of small type to his departure for Sarrakhs, and directly afterwards 12½ to the case of a north country collier, fined £6 for kicking a horse. Such want of appreciation of the relative importance of things is very galling, but the phenomenon is by no means confined to England, as is too often assumed. In fact it is as old as history, and I take it that those who are better judges of the significance of events would do far better to leave off whining, and apply their powers to improving the public judgment."

MR. MARVIN thinks it is by no means certain that the Russian Government will consent to the Mission proving a success, in spite of the agreement with regard to Pul-i-Khatun. By that arrangement Russia has secured territory as far as that point, but the Government have not made the concession contingent on the success of the Mission or subject to the acknowledgment of our rights along the rest of the line. Russia, therefore, has nothing to gain by doing her utmost to facilitate Sir Peter Lumsden's operations, while she has everything to lose by her exertions. From a Russian point of view, having gained something by the negotiations by having had her claim admitted to the territory as far south as Pul-i-Khatun, it would be better policy for her to cause the Mission to fail. "It is by no means improbable," says Mr. Marvin, "that this will prove to be the case."

THE District Judge of Colombo has just decided a case in a manner which is very convenient to impecunious officers. A man applied for a warrant of arrest for debt against a Lieutenant of the Royal Dublin Fusiliers, now serving with his regiment in the garrison of Colombo. But the Judge said:—

"I take judicial notice of the fact that Her Majesty's military forces are now engaged in military operations suitable to a state of war existing or imminent, but not in this colony. The question I have to decide is whether, under these circumstances an officer of Her Majesty's Army in actual service in garrison in a purified place is liable to be taken by the civil power from his regimental and garrison duties under a warrant of arrest in an action for debt. Applying this principle of regard to dominant State interests to the case before me, I conceive that there cannot be many things more obvious than that these demand that every officer actually serving in Her Majesty's military and naval forces must be ready on the moment to go wherever Her Majesty may require his military services; and this could not be, if he were liable to arrest on civil process."

WHY should the Prime Minister of England be paid a stipend which multiplied four-fold would be rejected with contempt by a fashionable musician? Rubinstein, who was some years ago offered the enormous fee of £10,000 for a nine months' tour in the U.S.A., which he declined, has now, *Truth* is told, accepted an engagement to give twenty concerts in America. It is not stated at how much apiece, but, as Artemus said of the Mormon's mother-in-law, it is no doubt "a good deal." It is said that one great baking firm in Dublin is now, and has been for a considerable time, netting a profit of £15,000 a year; that is to say, about twice the salary of the Lord Chancellor, and exactly three times that of the Prime Minister. In the matter of money, better be a fiddler or a baker than a G. O. M.

MILITARY NEWS.

MAJOR W. MARSHALL, of the Bombay Staff Corps, retired from the service on the 1st inst., on ... of £444. Major Marshall entered the ... in 1859, his first commission being dated ... 12 of that year. He attained his present ... August 1879. His first appointment to a regiment ... rank in April, 1881, and in June last he was ap... was in April ... pointed second-in-command of the 25th N. I. I.

THE services ... of Major H. M. Burgess, R.A., are ... disposal of His Excellency the ... with effect from the 5th inst. replaced at the ... Commander-in-Chief, ...

THE aggregate amount ... of compensation for a ... bedding for the year ... complete set of soldiers' ... 1884-85 is fixed at Rs. 5-15-0 as follows:—

1	Blanket, brown, of Indian manufacture	Rs.	2 14 6
2	Sheets at Rs. 0-10-3 each ...	,,	1 4 6
1	Suttrunjee	,,	1 12 0
		Rs.	5 15 0

LIEUTENANT CLAUDE VYVIAN SCHNEIDER, 2nd Battalion, West Yorkshire Regiment, has been appointed a probationer for the Bombay Staff Corps.

EXTENSION of leave has been granted to the following members of the Bombay Staff Corps:—Major B. E. Humphrey, three months' medical certificate, Lieut. Colonel Jacob, three months' medical certificate; Captain E. L. Elliott, three months' private affairs; and Lieutenant E. C. Cox, two months' medical certificate.

FIRST-CLASS Sergeant Instructors of Volunteer Corps have had their pay and allowances increased from the 1st September, 1884. Sergeant Instructor Rifle Volunteers, pay of a Colour Sergeant of Infantry; Mounted Volunteers, pay of a Troop Sergeant Major of Cavalry; Artillery Volunteers, pay of Battery Sergeant Major of Garrison Artillery. In addition to the above they will be allowed a staff pay of Rs. 50 per month, ration money at Rs. 3-9-3, and subsistence allowance for their wives and children, without any restriction on the total amount of pay.

CAPTAIN J. FERGUSON, 3rd Punjab Volunteer Rifle Corps, has been granted leave of absence for one year.

LIEUTENANT C. L. M. RICH, East Lancashire Regiment, attached to the 1st Punjab Native Infantry, on probation, has been granted language leave to Rawal Pindee from 10th October, 1884, to 8th April, 1885.

MR. A. G. FELLOWS has been appointed Lieutenant in the Hyderabad Volunteer Rifle Corps, *vice* Stone, promoted, and Sergeant Wade has been appointed Quartermaster, *vice* J. H. Hills, deceased.

HONORARY LIEUTENANT F. C. WIGGINS, 1st Punjab Volunteer Rifle Corps, has resigned his Honorary Commission.

THE decision has been given with regard to the recent fracas at Wellington between the men of the 104th Regiment, Royal Munster Fusiliers, and the men of the 21st Scotch Fusiliers. Wellington being a convalescent depôt, men belonging to various regiments are, therefore, congregated together. It would appear that all the other regiments had their April clothing sent up to them, except the 104th Munster Fusiliers, who were obliged to wear khakee clothing on all occasions. The Scotch Fusiliers chaffed the Irish Fusiliers about their dirty clothing, and on the night of the 1st ult. things took a serious turn, and the men of the two regiments quarrelled over the matter, the result being a fracas. Sticks and clubs were freely employed, and were flung about the barrack room. A few of the ringleaders were arrested. A court-martial assembled, and it was thought that the men of the 104th Munster Fusiliers began the affray. Consequently some of them were sentenced to two years' hard labour, others to 112 days', and others to shorter terms.

THE Indian Government Troopship Clive, 2,370 tons, Captain W. J. Powell, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday early in the morning from Kurrachee, which port she left on the 29th September, with the following details:—Lieut. Bishop, of the Glostershire Regiment; Lieut. Eliot, of the Royal Artillery; 4 men, one woman, and two children, of the Glostershire Regiment; 5 native officers and hospital assistants; 56 rank and file, native details; 3 women and 2 children; 11 followers, 499 packages of stores, 3 boxes of specie, and 7 mail packages.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY RELIEFS.

THE following instructions have been issued by the Quarter-master General for carrying out the reliefs of this Presidency during the ensuing trooping season:—

F BATTY. 1ST BRIGADE, R. A.

From Kirkee to Ahmednagar. Move about the end of January.

I. BATTERY. 1ST BRIGADE, R. A.

From Ahmednagar to England. March complete on 20th October by route No. 31 to Kirkee, where the guns, horses, equipment, and camp equipage will be handed over to "T" Battery, 1st Brigade, R. A. Move by rail to Bombay for embarkation in the Crocodile on 1st November, 1884.

T BATTERY 1ST BRIGADE, R. A.

From England to Kirkee. Arrive at Bombay in the Crocodile on 21st October, 1884; move thence by rail to Kirkee and take over the guns, horses, equipment, and camp equipage from I—1st R. A.

B BATTY. 2ND BRIGADE, R. A.

From Neemuch to Mhow. March complete on 1st December by route No. 108 (ii, Halt 3 days at Ratlam to exchange carriage with A—4th R. A., if necessary, arrive at Mhow on 20th December, 1884.

A BATTY. 4TH BRIGADE, R. A.

From Mhow to Neemuch. March complete on 1st December, by route No. 108 (ii, Halt 3 days at Ratlam to exchange carriage with B 2nd R. A., if necessary. Arrive at Neemuch on 20th December, 1884.

No. 6 BATTY. WESTERN DIVISION, R. A.

From Morar to Aden. By rail to Bombay for embarkation in the Crocodile on 1st November, 1884.

No. 5 BATTY. SOUTH IRISH DIVISION, R. A.

From Murree Hills to Aden. By rail to Bombay for embarkation in the "Crocodile" on 1st November, 1884.

No. 8 BATTERY EASTERN DIVISION, R. A.

From Aden to England. To embark in the Crocodile about 8th November 1884.

No. 7 BATTERY LONDON DIVISION, R. A.

From Aden to England. To embark in the Crocodile about 8th November, 1884.

2ND BATTALION LANCASHIRE FUSILIERS.

From Mhow, Asirgarh, and Indore to Nusserabad and Neemuch, Head Quarters and 5 Companies to march from Mhow without relief on 3rd November by routes Nos. 108 (i) and 213. Two Companies to be detached at Neemuch (*en route*) where the regiment will halt four days. The detachments at Asirgarh and Indore, and one Company at Mhow to stand fast until relieved by Companies of the North Staffordshire Regiment, when they will move to Nusserabad and Neemuch. Head-Quarters arrived at Nusserabad on 9th December, 1884.

1ST BATTALION ESSEX REGIMENT.

From Aden to England. To embark in the Crocodile about 8th November 1884.

1ST BATTALION WORCESTERSHIRE REGIMENT (WING).

From Nusseerabad and Neemuch to Kurrachee and Hyderabad. Move by rail, on 20th November, halting at Bandikui, Delhi, Umballa, Meean Meer, Moultan, Khanpur, Sukkur, Schwan, and Hyderabad. The Detachment at Neemuch to move to Nusseerabad by rail on 15th November. On arrival at Hyderabad one Company will be detached in relief of the three Companies of the Gloucestershire Regiment. Camp Equipage to be left in the Mhow Division for the North Staffordshire Regiment. Head Quarters arrive at Kurrachee about 1st December, 1884.

2ND BATTALION GLOUCESTERSHIRE REGIMENT.

From Kurrachee and Hyderabad to Poona and Ahmednagar. Head Quarters and five Companies to embark at Kurrachee in the "Canning" on 7th December 1884; arrive at Bombay on 10th December; march thence by route No. 99 for Poona. The three Companies at Hyderabad to march to Kurrachee for embarkation in the "Canning" on 27th December; arrive at Bombay 30th idem; march thence by route No. 99 for Poona. Two Companies will be sent by route No. 31 to Ahmednagar about the end of January. Camp Equipage to be left in Sind for the Worcestershire Regiment. Tents for the march from Bombay to Poona will be supplied at Bombay. Indents for the same to be rendered in advance. Head Quarters at Poona on 25th December, 24 Mountain Companies on 12th January 1884.

1ST BATTALION NORTH LANCASHIRE.

From Ahmednagar and Poona to Quetta District. Moved by rail to Bombay for embarkation for Kurrachee on 23rd September 1884; the Head Quarters and half Battalion in the Cave Thrusher half Battalion in the Canning. From Kurrachee the Head-Quarters Wing, with families and heavy baggage, moved by rail to Rindli and marched thence to Quetta, the other Wing, equipped for service, proceeded by rail to Nari Gorge and marched thence to Dukki. Mountain Service Tents drawn at Bombay.

2nd BATTALION NORTH STAFFORDSHIRE.

From Quetta to Mhow, Indore, and Assirgarh. Return to Indo-Afghan expedition to the Zhob Valley. Instructions hereafter.

1ST BATTALION SOUTH LANCASHIRE.

From Peshawur to Aden. By rail to Bombay for embarkation in the Crocodile on 1st November 1884.

No. 1 MOUNTAIN BATTERY, NATIVE ARTILLERY.

From Quetta to Pooa. Return to India after the expedition to the Zhob Valley. Instructions hereafter.

No. 2 MOUNTAIN BATTERY, NATIVE ARTILLERY.

From Poona to Quetta District. March on 24th October by route No. 99 to Bombay for embarkation in the Canning on 5th November; arrive at Kurrachee 8th idem; march to Jacobabad by route No. 178 and thence to Sibi by route to be furnished by the Assistant Quarter Master General, Sind District. Camp Equipage now in possession to be returned to Ordnance Department, Bombay, where Mountain Service Tents will be supplied. Indents for the latter to be sent in advance. Arrive at Sibi about 17th December, 1884.

No. 3 COMPANY, SAPPERS AND MINERS.

From Kirkee to Quetta District. March on 25th October by route No. 99 to Bombay for embarkation in the Canning on 5th November 1884; arrive at Kurrachee on 8th idem; rail thence to Sibi. Families to remain at Kirkee. Camp equipage now in possession to be returned to the Ordnance Department, Bombay, where Mountain service tents will be supplied. Indents for the latter to be sent in advance. Arrive at Sibi about 10th November, 1884.

NOS. 1 & 5 COMPANIES, SAPPERS AND MINERS.

From Quetta District to Kirkee, by rail from Sibi to Kurrachee for embarkation in the Canning on 19th December 1884; arrive at Bombay on 22nd idem; march thence by route No. 99 for Kirkee. Camp equipage in possession to be brought to Bombay and the Mountain Service Tents to be returned into the Ordnance Department, Bombay, where Lascar Pals to complete the number required will be supplied at Bombay. Indents for the latter to be rendered in advance. Arrive at Kirkee about 3rd January, 1885.

2ND GRENADIERS, NATIVE INFANTRY.

From Quetta District to Ahmedabad. Return to India after the Expeditions to the Zhob Valley. Instructions hereafter.

3RD REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

From Quetta District to Poona. By rail from Sibi to Kurrachee for embarkation in the Canning on 2nd January; arrive at Bombay on 5th idem; march thence by route No. 99, for Poona. Camp Equipage in a possession to be brought to Bombay and the Mountain Service Tents to be returned into the Ordnance Department, Bombay, where Lascar Pals to complete the number required will be supplied to the regiment at Bombay Indents for the latter to be rendered in advance.

Arrive at Poona on 23th January, 1885.

9TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

From Poona to Bombay. Three Companies to March 30th November, by route No. 99. Head Quarters and remaining four Companies to march to Bombay after the Camp of Exercise which will terminate about the end of January. One Company to be sent by rail to Tanna on 6th October in relief of detachment of the 10th Regiment N. I. I.

10TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

From Bombay to Bhuj. Head Quarters and 4 Companies to embark at Bombay in the Canning on the 10th October; arrive at Mandvi on 12th idem; March thence by route No. 88 to Bhuj. The second Wing to embark in the Canning on 25th October; arrive at Mandvi on 27th idem; March thence by route No. 88 to Bhuj. The company at Tanna to join Head Quarters at Bombay on relief by a detachment of the 9th Regiment N. I. Camp Equipage to be taken from Bombay.

12TH NATIVE INFANTRY.

From Quetta District to Poona. Return to India after the Expedition to the Zhob Valley. Instructions hereafter.

17TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

From Poona to Quetta District moved. By rail to Bombay for embarkation in the Canning on 1st October; arrive at Kurrachee on the 4th idem; move thence by rail to Rindli. Camp Equipage in possession returned into the Poona Ordnance Depôt. Mountain Service Tents supplied to the Regiment at Bombay. Families sent to Surat by rail under Divisional arrangements.

17TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

From Neemuch, Indore and Mehedpore to Quetta District. By rail to Bombay on 14th January for embarkation in the Canning on 17th January; arrive at Kurrachee 20th idem; move thence by rail to Sibi. Camp Equipage now in possession to be sent to Bombay for 2nd Grenadiers on return from Quetta. Mountain Service Tents will be supplied to the Regiment at Bombay. Indents for the latter to be rendered in advance. Families to be sent by rail to Surat under Divisional Arrangements. The Head Quarters at Neemuch will be relieved by 3 Companies of the 8th Regiment N. I. from Nusseerabad, and the detachments at Indore and Mehidpore by 3 Companies of the 5th N. I. from Mhow as a temporary measure. To proceed by route march. Arrive at Sibi about 22nd January, 1885.

20TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

From Belgaum to Quetta District. March on 17th November by route No. 89 (2) to Vingorla for embrakation in the Canning on 5th November; arrive at Kurrachee, 29th idem; rail thence to Sibi. Camp Equipage now in possession to be landed at Bombay *en route*, where Mountain Service Tents will be supplied to the regiment. Families for Surat and those proceeding to their homes *via* Bombay to accompany the regiment as far as that Port. Arrived at Sibi about 1st December, 1884.

22ND REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY (WING.)

From Dharwar to Satara. March on 20th October, by routes Nos. 65, 70, and 172, on relief by a Company of the 24th Regiment N. I. Arrive at Satara on 7th November, 1884.

23RD REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

From Ahmedabad to Neemuch, Indore and Mehidpur. Move by route-march on relief by 2nd Grenadiers. Instructions hereafter.

25TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

From Bhuj to Belgaum. Left Wing to march on 3rd October, by Route No. 88 to Mandvi for embarkation in the Canning on 5th October; arrive Bombay 7th idem. The Head Quarters and Right Wing to march to Mandvi for embarkation in the Canning on the 18th October; arrive at Bombay 20th idem, where the Regiment will be temporarily detained for duty. On relief by 3 Companies of the 9th Regiment N. I., the 25th N. I. I. will march on 3rd December by Route No. 99 for Poona, where it will be halted for Manœuvres until the end of January, and then march to Belgaum, via Satara and Kolapur. Camp Equipage to be taken from Bhuj.

THE LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT SCHEME.

MESSRS. S. H. SATHE and S. H. Chipiunkar, secretaries to the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha, have written to Government as follows with reference to the rules governing elections under the Local Self-Government Acts:—

The Committee of the Sabha have been all along under the impression that, agreeably to the spirit of the orders of the Government of India in the Legislative Department of the last year, and also to the assurances implicitly or expressly vouchsafed on behalf of the Government during the discussion in the Legislative Council on the two Local Self-Government Acts, all rules and regulations under the two Acts would, before their final and authoritative promulgation, be published in draft form for the purpose of inviting criticism. And being under such an impression the Committee of the Sabha regret that the rules under consideration were not published in a draft form beforehand. In this connection we are directed to request your attention to the following extract from the memorandum by the Hon. Budroodin Tayabjee appended to the report of the Select Committee of the Council on the two Bills:—"The objection which I raised to the extensive power of making rules conferred upon Government was based upon the necessity of giving as much publicity and inviting as much public discussion upon the rules, which, when passed, form parts of the Acts themselves, as circumstances will permit. My opinion on this point of course remains unchanged, and I rely upon Government not passing any rules under either of the Bills without first publishing the draft and inviting the fullest public criticism, especially from the members of the Council." Again, in his speech in reply to the debate on the motion for the second reading of the Municipal Bill, the Hon. J. B. Peile, C.S.I., as responsible member of Government in charge of the Bill said:—"As to rules, these are for the most part to be made under this Bill by the municipalities themselves. Government has power to make rules only for regulating the elections, and there is no objection on our part to the publication of these before they are finally passed." The Committee of the Sabha accordingly trust that in future the Government will be pleased to publish these rules in a draft form before their final promulgation.

As regards the rules under notice, the Committee of the Sabha beg to observe that they are on the whole unobjectionable, except in one particular. Rule 5 lays down what appears to the Committee of the Sabha to be an objectionable procedure in the nomination of candidates for election. The Committee of the Sabha are afraid that this system of self-nomination will prevent many a respectable gentleman from standing as a candidate for these group elections. In the case of the election by the Justices of the Peace of sixteen members of the Municipal Corporation a candidate for election is required to be nominated by two Justices of the Peace. The same is the case with the election by the Corporation of its members for the Town Council. In the Municipal election that took place in Poona in march last year each candidate for election was first proposed and seconded by two voters in the ward for which he stood as a candidate. And as regards the rule under notice, sub-Rule 2 (a) shows that a precisely similar procedure in the case of the election by the Taluka Local Boards of the delegates to the District Local Boards. Under these circumstances the Committee of the Sabha fail to see any reason for prescribing as far as the appreciation of such rules shall be practicable.

(6). Where jurors are not available in the District, the District Magistrate is to transfer any case of a charge against a European British subject in which a trial by jury is claimed, or without such claim, when the case is evidently of sufficient importance, to the Magistrate of the nearest district where in jurors are available in order that such district Magistrate may proceed according to the foregoing rules.

(7). In cases under Section 451B, the district Magistrate desiring to transfer a case should transfer it to the Sessions Court or to the district Magistrate of the nearest district within which jurors are available under the foregoing rules in order that such case may be dealt with as herein before provided.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Departure of the English m-il, 5 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—I. G. S. Clive from Kurrachee; and Indus (s), Sydney.

VESSEL SAILED.—The following vessel sailed yesterday:—Chindwara (s), for Pangoon, &c.

FAIR.—The annual Lower Colaba fair will be held to-morrow.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Sumatra and Scindia left the dock yesterday.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The approximate return of traffic for the week ending the 27th ult. shows a decrease in receipts of Rs. 228.

THE SEAMEN'S CHURCH.—The sum of Rs. 48 has been contributed in aid of the Seamen's Church building fund at an offertory at All Saints' Church, Kirkee.

NEWS FROM NASIK.—A correspondent writes to us from Nasik:—"The Dussera of the Hindus and the Bakri Eed of the Mahomedans passed off well. The fall of rain up to date is about 24 inches. The crops are all doing well. There have been some fatal cases of cholera in Nasik and at Trimbuk."

FEAST OF OUR LADY OF THE ROSARY.—This titular feast will be celebrated in the Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, Mazagon, on Sunday next, the 5th instant. There will be low masses at 6, 7, and 8 a.m. Solemn high mass will begin at 10 o'clock. Giorza's mass No. 3 will be sung and played by the band of St. Cecilia's Society.

N. M. PETIT KHETWADY BRANCH OF THE BOMBAY NATIVE DISPENSARY.—The daily average of attendance at this dispensary during the last month was 97·4. There were 1,327 new admissions; the total number treated being 5,023. The prevailing diseases were fever, diarrhœa, and dysentery.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 22nd September was Rs. 11,06,327; in addition silver received during the week, Rs. 9,96,952. Standard silver issued to public departments and for private work, Rs. 25; and specimen coin sent to Calcutta, &c. I. The balance left was Rs. 21,06,554. There was in addition silver bullion worth Rs. 13,71,197 belonging to private individuals deposited in the Mint vaults, awaiting assay.

DISMISSED FROM GOVERNMENT SERVICE.—Nathoo Bulvunt Lohite, of Mauze Dahiwali, Taluka Karjat, in the Thana Collectorate, late a Forest guard in that collectorate, having been convicted under section 409 of the Indian Penal Code, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.—*Bombay Government Gazette.*

FOUND DROWNED.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Morgue, Cammateepoora, on the body of a Mussulman man about twenty-five years of age, name unknown. The deceased was found floating in the Shumboo Mahdeo Tank, at Worli, on Wednesday evening. The body was much decomposed. It was dressed, and there were nine silver buttons on the clothing. An open verdict was recorded.

THEFT.—Shunker Damodhur was yesterday charged before Mr. C. P. Cooper, at the Fort Police Court, with the theft of sundry articles from different persons. The accused was a coffee-seller, and had managed to steal the things from his customers. From one he stole a turban, and from another a saree. Being an old offender, his worship sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

REPORTED THEFTS ON BOARDSHIP.—Shaik Meetoo, the steward of s.s. Chindwara, reported to the police on Wednesday the theft of a small box containing a watch and gold chain, two gold rings, one half-sovereign, a gold-mohur, seven ten-rupee currency notes of the Calcutta circle, and Rs. 90 in cash, of the collective value of Rs. 383-8. The box is believed to have been stolen from the complainant's cabin on Tuesday night.—Mr. T. A. Lee, the fifth officer of the s.s. Gwalior, has also reported the theft from his cabin, on the same day, of a silver watch and chain, valued at Rs. ...

THE DUSSA OSWAL BANIA CASTE DISPUTE.—In the suit of Thakersee Dewraj against Burbhum Nursey Kessowjee Nair, and Ghellabhoy Pudumsey, Mr. Justice Scott, in delivering judgment the other day, held that the defendants were, owing to their misconduct, disqualified from further acting as trustees of the Dussa Oswal caste funds, as well as the fund of the caste temple; and they were accordingly removed from office by his lordship's decree, which directed the election of new trustees by the caste. The defendents were, however, re-elected trust

diately after he repudiated her property in them. But the plaintiff has not gone beyond the period allowed by law in the case of a deposit and she is still entitled to recover what she can properly identify. The means of identification vary as regards different jewels. As regards some few there is only the plaintiff's own recognition of her property. She has twice been examined and on each occasion all the jewels were spread out before her and she picked out what she said were hers. It was argued that as all the other ladies were satisfied and made no adverse claim this recognition ought to suffice. But it is an evidence that all wealthy Cutchee Memons are in the habit of keeping large general stocks of jewels, besides those of which they are custodian on behalf of the various members of the family. Hajee Ismail was a very wealthy man and a portion of the jewellery may have been his own property in spite of its feminine character. On the whole, and specially considering the lapse of time, I do not think it safe to take the plaintiff's own evidence as conclusive in her favour. The Chief Justice in the former suit No. 618 of 1879, said it would be very unsafe to depend on Ashabai's evidence as regards ornaments. *A fortiori* would it be so now. But as regards the great mass of the ornaments there are lists and entries in books made during Hajee Ismail's life and under his directions which may, in my opinion, be safely used as corroborative evidence. With such confirmation I should not run counter to the rule laid down in Finch *vs.* Finch (L. R. 23 ch. div.) as I should not be taking as conclusive a person's uncorroborated account of what a dead man had said or done in their favour. These documentary proofs are of varying value. There is in the first place the printed list drawn up six months before the will. Save where it specially appropriates ornaments to the plaintiff I do not think it can be treated as more than an inventory of the jewels in the possession of Hajee Ismail. Then comes the extract of Hajee Ismail's fair journal for 1915 (Ex. 37) which gives a list of "the presents made to the plaintiff on her betrothal." This I hold to be very important evidence in her favour. Next comes Ex. 38, a similar list in the rough journal for the same year. Next comes Ex. 39, an extract from the cash book for 1917 showing that two other ornaments were given to Ashabai by Hajee Ismail during her betrothal. Extracts (Ex. 40-41) from the cash book of 1,915 prove similar presents. The above exhibits prove to my satisfaction that Ashabai received at or after her betrothal and on her own, all the ornaments in the tabular statement of ornaments before marriage except Nos. 1 and 3 and 3 of which I do not think there is sufficient identification. I refer to the tabular statement furnished by the plaintiff with defendant's consent, a copy of which is contained in the record. Here we have most important corroborating documentary evidence. First there is the list Ex. A 42—"gold and silver ornaments set with precious stones made at the time of Bai Ashabai's marriage." Next comes A 43 from p.n. 6701 of the Fair Journal for 1922 which are sub-entries in the account of marriage and which are headed "Gold and silver ornaments made for marriage presents." Then we have a pencil list nearly corresponding to the list last mentioned. Next in Exhibit A45 shows a pair of necklaces made for Ashabai in 1867. Exhibit A47 proves that Ashabai was the *owner* and not merely the wearer of her ornaments. Exhibit A51 shows the purchase of a new ornament in 1881. Exhibits A52, 53, 54, 55, show Ashabai's ornaments were so completely regarded as hers that a sale of any of them was made the subject of a special entry in her favour. I have carefully gone through the above and all the other exhibits and I have examined the ornaments themselves. I think after much consideration and careful examination of the jewels their appearance weight and value, that there is sufficient identification to establish proof of property in the jewels enumerated in the Tabular Statement of ornaments, as presented on and after marriage with the exception of A14, A18, A14 (2), A22, A35. As regards jewels that have been sold I think that the bangles bought for Ashabai (exhibit A55) and sold (exhibit A51) for Rs. 2,254 net must be accounted for. As regards jewels lost and not forthcoming. I do not think there is enough proof, saving in the case of the Chandarkar value Rs. 412 mentioned in exhibit A59 and 60 which sum must be recouped. As regards the jewels burnt at Mecca it is clear from the entry of their subsequent sale (see A47) that they retained their form sufficient for identification. I think as those belonging to Ashabai were about one half of the whole sold she is entitled to one half of the sum realised. I do not think, considering the delay in the bringing of this suit, that the plaintiff is entitled to interest on the value of the jewels either lost or sold. I shall award her the value alone. Finally as regards costs, I think the proof of custom totally broke down. The costs of the unsuccessful experiment must be borne entirely by the defendant. The days occupied by that branch of the case are easily ascertained. During that time the executors retired and none of the "custom" costs concern them. But all the costs they have incurred must be paid as between estate and estate out of the estate. As regards the costs occasioned by the claim for the jewels the plaintiff has not wholly succeeded and must only have three-fourths of plaintiff's costs except those occasioned by the custom out of the estate. The fourth defendant must bear his own.

BENGAL.

ALMOST A TRAGEDY.—At about noon on Saturday last, a tragedy was near being enacted in a house in Gungadhur Baboo's Lane, where a woman was shot at three times with a revolver loaded with ball cartridge by a West Indian, who was at length disabled by receiving a blow on the head with an iron bar, from one of the inmates of the house. The woman is the wife of a Mr. Gilbert, employed in the Government Telegraph Department, but some time ago she left her husband's protection, and has been living with the West Indian, who was till lately employed in a Kerosine Oil Store at Kidderpore. Latterly he armed himself with a loaded six-chambered revolver and a knife, he went to the house where the woman was residing, and, entering the room where she was, deliberately fired three successive shots at her, but fortunately missed each time. Before he could fire again, two men, who lived in the same house, rushed out and grappled with him. He tried to beat them off with his knife, and wounded both. A third man put an end to the affray by knocking him down with an iron bar. He was rendered senseless by the blow, but after removing his weapons, the others restored him to consciousness, and then they all left the house as if nothing extraordinary had occurred. An hour or so later a European constable heard casually of what had taken place, and went to the house. He found only one man there, a West Indian, who had taken no part in the affray, and who gave the constable full particulars of the case and made over to him the revolver (with three of the chambers still loaded), which had been left behind.—*Indian Daily News.*

MADRAS.

DACOITY AND MURDER.—From further information which was received of the dacoity and murder recently reported, the *Bangalore Spectator* learns that the merchants who were attacked and robbed were Lubbays from Trichinopoly. They had some 3,000 rupees worth of cloths and were attacked at about 2 in the morning while actually travelling between Nelamungalum and Koonigul. The dacoits lay in ambush for them in the bushes and trees on the road sides. The Lubbays made a stout resistance, but the robbers outnumbered them, killing one and severely wounding the others. After the affair was over the wounded men managed to get back to Nelamungalum, about four miles distant, and reported the circumstance to the Police. The Amildar, the Inspector of Police, and as many constables as could be mustered, set out in pursuit, and managed to capture eight men, and recover some of the stolen property. It is said that the prisoners have been identified by the merchants. Many people complain of the law forbidding travellers to carry arms in self-defence, and say that it is responsible for outrages of the above description having become so frequent.

N-W PROVINCES, OUDH AND PUNJAUB.

THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT.—A telegram to the *Englishman* states:—The Duke and Duchess of Connaught arrived at Rawal Pindi on the night of the 27th, and received a thorough welcome. At Lahore there was not the slightest notice taken of their Royal Highnesses, but at Rawal Pindi every one illuminated his house and did his best to show the Prince and Princess that though royal honours were forbidden, royal welcomes were in everyone's power. The railway station was densely crowded, and all the approaches to it were filled with spectators. Some of the illuminations were pretty, but the railway carried off the palm. The bands played the national anthem outside their lines as the carriages drove past, and the men cheered heartily, but time was up before more as there could be no military parades and the men turned out in any costume. There is a guard on Sir Michael Biddulph's house as Ghazis are known in these parts.

Holloway's Pills.—Nervousness and want of Energy.—When first the nerves feel unstrung, and listlessness supplants energy, it is the right time to take some alterative as Holloway's Pills to prevent disorder running into disease. These excellent Pills correct all irregularities and weaknesses. They act so kindly, yet so energetically on the functions of digestion and assimilation, that the whole body is revived, the blood is rendered richer and purer, the muscles become firmer and stronger and the nervous and sanguinent systems are invigorated. These Pills are suitable for all classes and all ages. They have a most marvellous effect on persons who are out of condition they soon rectify whatever is faulty, restore strength to the body and confidence to the mind.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY

STEEL BOILERS.
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ENGINEERS AND BOILER-MAKERS,
DUKINFIELD, NEAR MANCHESTER, ENGLAND
ORIGINAL PATENTEES OF
THE ADAMSON FLANGE SEAM PLUR
Of which many thousands are now in use, and also of
BOILERS HAVING ALL RIVET HOLES DRILLED IN POSITION
AFTER PLATES ARE BENDED INTO FORM.
BOILERS of all types, in STEEL or IRON
With all rivet holes drilled by special system.
DANIEL ADAMSON & Co. have, for the last TWENTY YEARS, made STEEL BOILERS A SPECIALITY and have over
2,200 STEEL BOILERS
Now working at pressures from 60 lbs. to 200 lbs. per square inch.
ENGINES of all descriptions. THE WHEELOCK AUTOMATIC EXPANSION ENGINE, Centennial Medal and Diploma, Philadelphia, 1876; Grand Prize, Paris, 1878 and First Prize, Cincinnati, 1880, in competition with the Corliss and other Automatic expansion Engines.
Established] THE ONLY OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM OF THIS NAME [1851
Sole Agent—F. W. SHALLIS,
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BANKS

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HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
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RESERVE FUND £800,000
LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—62, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted some through the Bank.
CHARLES LOWELL, Manager.
1, Rampart Row. W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Ld.)
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000. But no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits at the following rates of Interest:—
5 per cent. per annum for 12 months deposit.
4 do. do. 6 do. do.
EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai, and Colombo. It also grants Drafts on London and its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.
By Order of the Directors.
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.
PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.
For List of Prices apply to
THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
13, Forbes Street, Fort.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
41, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.
AUCTION SALE of an Invoice of Toughened Glassware and Austrian Bentwood Furniture and several Consignments of Wine and Spirits.
Under instructions from the consignee and on account and risk of whom it may concern, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms (No. 41, Meadow-street), TO-MORROW, the 4th October, the sale to commence at 2 p.m. precisely.
A large consignment of 45 cases of toughened glass, plain and light soda, 2 and ½ pint tumblers, finger bowls, sip tumblers and lamp glasses.
Also an invoice of Austrian bentwood very strong and light chairs of various elegant designs and colour and are suitable for drawing, dining and bed room; children's high chairs changeable into carriages, rocking chairs, revolving office chairs, &c.
A choice assortment of Australian wine from Thomas Hardy, consisting of an Australian sherry, Osmoo Ambassador cup (breakfast claret), Reisling.
A lot of J. de Bruijn and Zoon of Rotterdam claret, orange curacao, Boonesamp bitters.
SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
Bombay, 3rd October, 1884.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.
THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 3rd Oct., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the second floor of Sassoon's Buildings, opposite the Custom House, in Marine street, Fort, the valuable and han some French-polish d, carved, and plain blackwood and teakwood furniture, viz., a mahogany full-sized slate billiard table by Thurston and Co., with balls, cues, &c., complete, 1, 2, 4, 8 and 10 light hanging argand lamps, table and wall argand lamps, kerosine-oil hanging lamps, and wall lamps, large-size pier glasses in gilt frames, Brussels and velvet carpets, rich cut glassware, superior porcelain ware, table ornaments, &c., &c.
The property is on view.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 4th October, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 12, Exchange Hall, Apollo-street, opposite the Share Bazar, several newly arrived consignments of English and Continental goods consisting of perfumery and soaps, toys, handsomely painted flower pots, superior porcelain, dessert, toilet and tea services, superior China cups and saucers, tea services, breakfast services, cheese stands, cruet and egg stands, sardine and biscuit boxes, hall lamps, scent bottles, Bohemian glassware, first-rate electographs in gilt frames, tea trays, Brussels and velvet carpet rugs, tin toys, fancy goods, kerosine-oil stoves of sizes, table and hanging lamps, electroplated table goods, star and fern pattern and other goods too numerous to mention.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 4th Oct., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at Winter-wood, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood, satin wood, household furniture, best plated wares, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soohne, first-rate pictures, rich table ornaments, superior real Japan flower vases and pots, &c., the property of H. JARRAD, Esq., leaving the premises richly covered glassware, dinner, dessert and tea services, best plated cruet, pickle and liquor stands, tea and coffee service, ice pitcher, oval hot-water dishes, breakfast cruets, biscuit box, eggstand, bread basket, butter cooler, tea and coffee pots, large size venison dish, dessert knives and forks with case, decanter stands with decanters, liqueurs, spoons and forks, tables, toilet and chamber cane chairs, best steel table cutlery, tea trays, napkin rings, frenchpolished blackwood, teakwood and satin wood furniture, such as telescopic oval dining table in 8 pieces, drawing room, oval, round folding, camp, and side, Madras pattern dressing and washhand tables, richly carved pier tables, oval and square tables and teapoys with marble tops, drawing-room easy and low-chairs with crotonine cloth spring cushions, dining room mallet-pattern, arm and without arm chairs, drawing room half back sofas, 3 seated ottoman, drawing room sofas lined rich silk, drawing-room, easy, low, folding and prie-dieu chairs lined rich velvet and satin with spring cushions, handsome teack and satin wood chiffonier with mirror glass back, hallmarble wall brackets with mirror glass backs, handsome English-made sunal chiffoniers, satinwood davenport with drawers, a sweet-toned mahogany square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soohne, piano chair, Madras pattern sideboard, handsome Wardrobe with mirror glass back, whatnot, hanging punkhas, rocking, folding and easy chairs, brass bedstead complete, camphor baby's cots, clothes and gown presses, chests of drawers, cheval and dressing glasses, reclining chair and sofa, handsome satin wood umbrella stand with mirror glass back, tripod stands, teapoys, revolving office chair, table cover, real old China flower jars, handsome marble flower vases and sets of flower pots, rich table ornaments, kerosine oil sliding wall and table duplex lamps, gilt eight day clock, strikes half hour, first rate chromonithographs and other pictures, handsome Brussels carpets, English perambulator, bath and dispense room furniture, a large collection of choice plants in pots, &c., &c.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.
The property of HENRY CLEVELAND, Esq., proceeded to Europe.
1 English-built waggonette by Thorn of Norwich, in thorough good order, painted lake and picked out vermilion with brake, shafts and pole.
1 English-built dog-cart by Thorn of Norwich in thorough good order painted lake and picked out vermilion with removable hood and a spare pair of wheels.
ON TUESDAY, the 7th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at No. 32, Girgaum Back-road, opposite the Girgaum Police Court, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood, carved and plain household furniture, richly gilt 12 light china chandeliers, handsome 6 to 21 light chandeliers, 1 to 8 lights hanging argand lamps, wall shades, hanging and table kerosine-oil lamps, hanging vase lamps and flower vases, rich velvet and Brussels hall carpets, handsome pier glasses in gilt frames, handsome pictures, carriages, &c., &c.
Full particulars will appear hereafter and property will be on view from to-morrow.
SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS.
On TUESDAY next, the 7th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Mazagon Darogahana, by order of Mr. Meerzamull Shewbux—
Ex s.s. Sirdhana.
150 tons superior teak scantlings of various sizes marked G S & D H.
In lots to suit purchasers.
SALE OF COALS.
On WEDNESDAY next, the 8th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Bunder, on account and at the risk of Messrs. Hajee Ahmed Hajee Warrind and Co.—
Ex s.s. Restormel.
478 tons Cardiff Merthye steam coals.
Ex North Anglia.
237 tons Davison's West Hartley coals.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.
Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed by Mr. Jamsetji Avabai, cabinet-maker, to sell by Public Auction at his shop, No. 29, Kalbadevi road, on THURSDAY, the 9th inst., at 1 p.m. his surplus stock-in-trade, consisting of very valuable and handsome french-polished richly carved and plain blackwood, teakwood, satinwood and ebonywood household furniture, very handsome 5, 6, 8, 12, 20 and 36 lights hanging chandeliers with rich cut shades, pans, and drops, a handsome 9 light hanging argand lamp by Nash, rich cut and engraved glassware, best platedware, handsome large size pier glasses in gilt frames, a very richly carved blackwood large-size screen, 2, 4, and 5 light plated and brass candelabra with shades, handsome gilt kerosine-oil hanging vase lamps, plain and coloured globe lamps, real Japanese and China flower vases and jars, and a variety of other articles of which full particulars will be given hereafter.
Catalogues with full details will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.
On SATURDAY, the 11th October, and the following days, sale commencing at 1 p.m. each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Byculla, opposite Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas' Metal Mart, the valuable stock-in-trade of Mr. Somjee Pargia, consisting of carved and plain frenchpolished blackwood and teakwood and English-made mahogany and walnutwood household furniture, best electroplated ware by Elkington and other makers, handsome dinner, dessert and breakfast services, rich cut glassware of various patterns, very handsome 6, 8, 10, 12 and 18 light chandeliers, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 light hanging argand lamps by Tucker and other makers, kerosine-oil hanging and table lamps, 4, 5 and 7 light glass-stem candelabra, rich table ornaments, handsome flower vases and pots, rolls of superior Brussels and velvet carpets, handsome pier glasses in gilt frames, English-built carriages, sets of English-made plated mounted single and double and four-in-hand harness, &c., &c.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.
On TUESDAY, the 16th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Eddington House, Mazagon, opposite Hamilton's Hotel, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome English-built nearly new boat-shaped open carriage by Lovell, a handsome grey Arab horse, 5 years old, going well, very quiet, and a set of English-made plated mounted single harness, rich table ornaments, handsome flower vases, pictures, table and hanging lamps, &c., the property of Captain W. E. HUTCHINSON.
Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.
CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, 3rd October, 1884.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY.
BY
TODAR MAL.
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.
Price Re. 1. Postage half anna

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 3, APOLLO-STREET.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 4th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction in the bungalow lately occupied by Mr. Rahim Aloo at Chinchpoogly, Parell-road, a little far from the New Great Eastern S. and W. Mills, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished and carved household furniture, platedware, glass and crockery ware, 1, 2, 5, 6 and 10 light hanging argand lamps, six light chandeliers, double light wall shades, large pier glasses in gilt frames, large marble elephants, marble inlaid round table on gilt stands, a first-rate fireproof safe, globe lamps, large electrographs in gilt frames, mechanical toys, large Brussels carpets, brass and iron bedsteads, rich flower vases, &c., the same comprises glassware cups and saucers, handsome teakwood and blackwood French-polished and carved household furniture such as round dining table, side table, meat-safe, Madras-pattern arm-chairs, whatnot, handsome circular and pier tables with marble top, very handsome hall couches, easy, folding, reclining, long-arm and drawing-room chairs, conversation sofas, teapoys, ornament stands, Velvet and Brussels carpets, four light table candlesticks, handsome 2, 5 and 10 light hanging argand lamps, hanging chandelier, double light wall shades, rich table ornament stand, &c., iron four-post bedsteads, reclining couches, dressing and washing tables, dressing and cheval glasses, mirrors with plate glass doors, wardrobe with mirror, chest of drawers, handsome large pier glasses in gilt frames, a handsome mahogany 8½ octave, a mahogany grand square pianoforte, teakwood pedestal and folding chairs, &c. The property is now on view.
TEA, TEA, TEA.
The cheapest and best in India.
Messrs. Z. Hormisdal and Co. will offer a consignment of their well-known teas at auction TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 4th instant, at 3 p.m., at the rooms of Messrs. BENNETT and Co.
The tea is a favourite and much-liked blend in the Bengal Presidency and is packed in tins containing 1 lb. and 2 lbs. net, which will be offered in lots to suit purchasers.
Parties desirous of buying can do so by sending their butlers, accompanied by a written authority, which will have the best attention of Messrs. Bennett & Co.
On WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of Manockjee Petit's bungalow, the valuable and handsome plain and carved blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, best plated wares, very rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte, by Schiedmayer and Soehne, a first-rate mahogany slate miniature billiard table by Thurston, with balls, cues, lamps, &c., complete, handsome large pier glasses in gilt frames, handsome large marble table, 1, 2, 3, 6, 8, and 12 lights hanging and wall argand lamps, first-rate large oil-paintings, oleographs and chromolithographs, rich Brussels and velvet carpets, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, one handsome strong Calcutta built buggy in very good order, one strong Calcutta mail-phaeton, one handsome strong powerful Cleveland Hunter's horse, broken to single and double harness, one set of plated mounted English double harness, &c., &c., the property of Nusserwanjee Rustomjee Esq.
Catalogues are published and the property is now on view.
On SATURDAY, the 11th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by public auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, &c., &c.
AT 1-30 P. M.
1 handsome strong landau in very good order.
1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram.
1 cow with calf.
AUCTION SALE of the whole of the stock-in-trade of the Bombay Livery Stable Co., Limited, at Byculla, opposite the Byculla Club.
Under instructions from the Board of Directors, Messrs BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the above mentioned place, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th October, at 2 p.m., in the lot—
The whole of the stock-in-trade of the Bombay Livery Stable Co., Limited, consisting of 50 horses and 60 carriages, a large stock of double harness in good condition, also a number of spare collars traces, reins, bits, &c., &c., surcingle and breaking gear, buck-jumping and other saddles, &c., &c., complete, also an iron-roofed shed, teak-built shed, 156 ft. by 46 ft., with accommodation for 2 horses, with swinging partitions, feeding boxes, mangoon with rack-boards, &c., complete, also an iron-roofed shed to accommodate about 20 carriages, and a country-tiled shed with five loose boxes, also a quantity of spare timber, bamboos and tiles.
A quantity of veterinary instruments and medicines, farriers' tools, forge and bellows, grain-crushing and chaff-cutting machines, harness stands, grain boxes, feeding boxes, buckets, ghorawalla's kit, &c., office furniture, chairs, Whitner's fireproof safe, books, &c. &c.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid within one month after the sale.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the General Manager, Relasis Road, Byculla, or to the undersigned.
The above is now on view.
On SATURDAY, the 18th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Colonel Fuller's bungalow, Parel, opposite the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company's workshops, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, plated ware, glass and crockery ware, first rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, one single barrel gun five 19 bore rifle by Cogswell and Harrison, one mahogany grand piano by E. Kaps of Dresden, &c., &c., the property of S. W. ANDERSON, Esq., changing his residence.
The above will be on view 4 days before the sale.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 3rd October, 1884.

NOTICES.

THE MUIR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, CAWNPORE.
MILITARY DRILLS.
WHITE DRILLS FOR THE CLOTHING OF EUROPEAN TROOPS.
KHAKI DRILLS, yarn or piece dyed, in approved shades for native Troops. Samples and patterns on application to the Managing Director or to the Company's Agents, Messrs. W. WATSON and Co., Apollo-street, Bombay.

KEATING'S BONBONS OR WORMS TABLETS:
A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles by all Chemists.

NOTICE.
Messrs. HENRY S. KING CO.,
LONDON,
EXECUTE ORDERS FROM ANY
CO-OPERATIVE STORE CATALOGUE,
Supplying Goods of equal quality and at the same prices. No Orders ecuted unless accompanied by a full Remittance.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Vertical Opinion, Rs. 2; horses standing at livery on Commission cash, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commission towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yards single Rs. 15, double Rs. 20. The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical Smith-Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

KANNY AND CO.
HAVE REMOVED
TO
NO. 9, MEADOW-STREET,
Next door to
MR. D. MACROPOLO,
The Tobacconist.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY,
(SOCIETE L'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUE, PARIS.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL, FCS. 6,500,000.
OUR PRICES DEFY ALL COMPETITION!
HIGHEST REWARDS AT ALL THE EXHIBITIONS
OUR GRAMME MACHINES have shown the BEST results at all Government Trials, at Woolwich, &c.
ELECTRIC MACHINES, for 10 Incandescent Lamps... Rs. 250
Do. 40 do. 750
Do. for 6 arc lights 2,000 Candles, each. „ 1,250
Do. 8 do. 500 do. „ 1,200
Do. 20 do. 500 do. „ 2,000
SWAN'S AND OTHER INCANDESCENT LAMPS.
PATENT WICK CARBONS give a steadier light than any other Carbons.
JABLOCHKOFF CANDLES improved-make.
INSULATED CABLE, GLOBES and other accessories.
NOTE:—OUR MACHINES work with LOW TENSION currents and do not present the dangers of other system.
Agent and General Manager.
41, Meadow-street

J. NEUBERG'S
CIGARETTE FACTORY,
5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.
CIGARETTES manufactured daily fresh and fresh of the very Choicest TOBACCOS procurable.
FINEST TURKISH.
AROMATIQUE.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 1	EMPRESS.....	Rs. 34 ..... Rs.	3 8
„ 2	PRINCE	„ 30 ..... „	3 4
„ 3	STAMBOUL.....	„ 34 ..... „	3 8
„ 4	IONE.....	„ 24 ..... „	2 8

MILD TURKISH,
MOST DELICATE AND AGREEABLE.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 5	SUCCESS.....	Rs. 25 ... Rs.	2 10
„ 6	MEDON	„ 20 ... „	2 4
„ 7	BIJOUX	„ 18 ... „	2 0
„ 8	NYDIA.....	„ 18 ... „	2 0
„ 9	NYMPH	„ 15 ... „	1 12

GOLDEN SHAG,
EXQUISITE FLAVOUR AND BOUQUET.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 10	CONFIANCE...	Rs. 20 ..... Rs.	2 4
„ 11	ASSOCIATE ...	„ 18 ..... „	2 0
„ 12	CONSTANTIA..	„ 15 ..... „	1 12

GOLDEN VIRGINIA,
PLEASANTLY FULL-FLAVOURED.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 13	WALKYR.....	Rs. 18 ..... Rs.	2 0
„ 14	ZULEIKA.....	„ 15 ..... „	1 12

Nos. 3, 4, 8, 9, 12 are without mouthpieces.
Only orders for 500 and upwards of each Brand carry the rate per 1,000.
ILLUSTRATED LIST ON APPLICATION.
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY.

"ROUGH ON RATS"
CLEARS out Rats, Mice, Roaches, Flies, Ants, Bed-bugs, Beetles, Insects, Skunks, Chipmunks, Gophers. Druggists, Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

SPIRITS IN JARS.

		Rs.	a.
Scotch Whisky	(per gallon)	9	0
Irish Whisky	do.	9	0
Cognac	* do.	10	12
Cognac	* * do.	11	8
Cognac	* * * do.	13	8
Cognac	* * * * do.	15	8
Jars	(Capacity one gallon) ... ... each	2	0
Jars	(„ two „) ... ... each	3	0
Jars	(„ four „) ... ... each	4	0
Plated Lock Taps...	... ... each	4	8

The Jars may be returned for re-filling.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,
BOMBAY.

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1851.
Paris trimmed Bonnets and Hats.
Straw Bonnets and Hats untrimmed.
Ladies' black, white, cream, and cardinal Suede Gloves.
Ladies' black, white, cream, and cardinal Satin Shoes.
Dress Materials of every Description.
Ball Dresses in Tulle, Lustre, &c.
Rich Silk Dresses, elegantly made.
WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS, CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
Estimates for making up dresses, etc., on Application.
Orders from Outstations, to ensure immediate attention, should be accompanied by a Remittance or Reference for Payment in Bombay.
MRS. LAKE,
MILLINER, DRESSMAKER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER,
7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
THREE PRIZE MEDALS AND THREE DIPLOMAS
were awarded to
C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,
WATCH-MANUFACTURERS, GOLDSMITHS, OPTICIANS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.
FOR Rs. 200 NET CASH
they will send
Free by post, to any part of India, carefully packed,
A FIRST-RATE KEYLESS LEVER HUNTING WATCH in HEAVY 18-CARAT GOLD engine turned or plain case, with full jewelled movement, finest lever escapement, breguet hair spring and chronometer balance wheel, in polished walnut case, with spare glass and mainspring and a three years' stamped guarantee.
Or in stout crystal fronted 18-CARAT GOLD case at Rs. 170, net cash.

C. MARCKS & CO.,
OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY, NEURALGIA,
AND OTHER
DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,
H. AND T. KIRBY & CO.'S
ORIGINAL PHOSPHORUS PILLS
ARE THE BEST REMEDIES.
THE Restorative power of Phosphorus is MOST REMARKABLE. Cures are effected by the following Preparations in cases which have resisted all other medicines. In these forms Phosphorus is as harmless as Quinine, while its effects on the nervous system are far more beneficial.
SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILL, No. 1.
This Pill affords considerable relief when the system is jaded and worn by unusual stress or temporary nervous exhaustion. In cases of despondency and grief its EXHILARATING and ENERGIZING effect is most marked.
PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILL, No. 3.
This is a valuable Restorative. It acts as a nutrient to the entire nervous system, giving POWER TO THE BRAIN and spinal cord, and to the functions presided over by them. It gives tone to the DIGESTIVE ORGANS, and improves the condition of the whole body.
PHOSPHORUS AND NUX-VOMICA, No. 6.
This Pill is especially useful in Atonic Dyspepsia and Lowness of Spirits arising from overwork. It is a useful STIMULANT also in cases of functional impotence. In prematurely aged and debilitated subjects and to remedy the effects of excesses.
PHOSPHORUS, IRON AND CANTHARIDES, No. 30.
This Pill is especially useful in Chronic Urethral Discharges in Atony or Paralysis of the Bladder, and in the same cases for which PHOSPHORUS and NUX-VOMICA PILL No. 6 are found useful.
COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILL,
Composed of Phosphorous, Iron, Quinine and Nux-vomica.
This is an invaluable remedy for nervous diseases characterized by DEBILITY, POVERTY OF BLOOD, and LOSS OF NERVE POWER. It cures SCROFULOUS, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS, and other manifestations of Nervous Exhaustion, very rapidly. Brain-workers, Clergymen, Professional and busy COMMERCIAL MEN, who are habitually overworked, derive great benefit from a